

COLUBER FASCIATUS.



CHARACTER GENERICUS.

Scuta abdominalia.

Squamæ subcaudales.

Lin. Syſt. Nat. p. 275.

CHARACTER SPECIFICUS, &c.

COLUBER CÆRULEUS, subtus pallidior,
cæruleo lucidiore variatus.

COLUBER FASCIATUS?

Lin. Syſt. Nat. p. 378.

ANGUIS e cæruleo et albo varius.

Cateſb. 2. t. 58.

Historiam naturalem probe callentibus facile patet a Catesbæo mutuatos esse nos figuram hujus serpentis, situ paululum mutato. Eadem communiter putatur hæc species ac coluber fasciatus Linnæi; ipseque Linnæus, nonnihil tamen addubitans, relegat lectores ad hanc ipsam Catesbæi tabulam. Si veros colores depinxerit Catesbæus, habendus

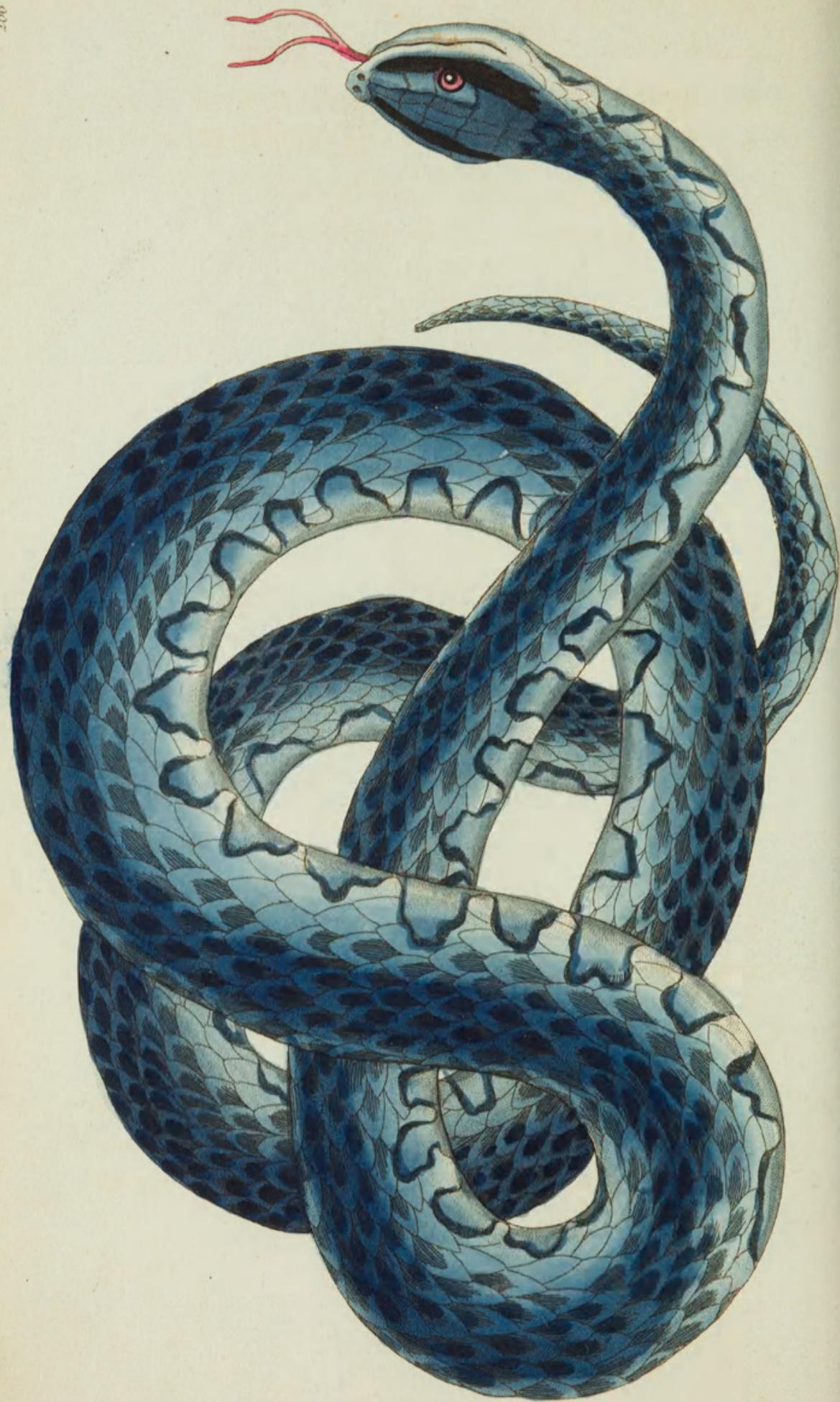
pro-

proculdubio est coluber fasciatus inter formosissimos
sui generis. Reperiri præcipue dicitur in Carolina,
et in numero esse serpentum prorsus innocuorum.

CHARACTERISATION

COLUBER CIRRIUS - superba levigatio
ANGULUS o crenulosa aede astuta
COPIFER FABRICIUS

Hufigerum distinctiorum bipode castilloribus foecile lo-
cabit a Crotapho invenitur ex eis non raro venientia pro-
lubens, non basipinnis multo, sed non com-
muni; parvus post libatoe ad caput exsticuisse. In
si, quodam tenuissimam membrum non diffinire
potest, tenuissimam quodam tenuem Cratylus invenit
se, et hoc certe debilitate Cratylus, pectoralibus



THE
FASCIATED SNAKE.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Transverse *Lamellæ* under the abdomen.
Broad alternate *Scales* under the tail.

SPECIFIC CHARACTER, &c.

BLUE SNAKE, paler and variegated with
brighter blue beneath.

The WAMPUM SNAKE.

Catesb. Car. 2. t. 58.

It will readily be perceived by those who are conversant in natural history, that the elegant snake represented on the present plate is in reality copied from Catesby, with the variation only of posture: it is commonly considered as the *coluber fasciatus* of Linnæus, and is thus quoted, though not without a mark of uncertainty, in the *Systema Naturæ*. If the colours of the living animal are really such as expressed by Catesby, it must certainly be regarded as one

one of the most beautiful of that variable tribe. It is said to be found principally in Carolina, and is a perfectly harmless species.

CHITONARIA

Chitonaria is a genus of small chitons, with a suboval or elongated oval shape.

CHITONARIA

Chitonaria has very long velar processes, which are directed downwards.

CHITONARIA

Chitonaria is a genus of small chitons, with a suboval or elongated oval shape. The body is covered with numerous tubercles, which are directed downwards. The mouth is situated on the ventral side, and is surrounded by a series of tentacles. The gills are situated on the dorsal side, and are supported by a series of processes. The body is covered with a thin skin, which is easily torn. The flesh is white, and has a slightly sweet taste. The shell is smooth, and has a slightly pointed apex. The body is covered with a thin skin, which is easily torn. The flesh is white, and has a slightly sweet taste. The shell is smooth, and has a slightly pointed apex.



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Shaw, George. 1797. "The Fasciated Snake, Coluber fasciatus [Pl. 266]." *The Naturalist's Miscellany* 8(LXXXIX), <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.310809>.

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