104 Phytologia (Aug 2004) 86(2)

TAGETES ERECTA (ASTERACEAE), A NEW ESCAPE TO THE FLORA OF TEXAS

Eric L. Keith

Raven Environmental Services, P.O. Box 6482, Huntsville, Texas 77342, U.S.A. eric.keith@excite.com

ABSTRACT

Tagetes erecta, known under several common names including common or Aztec marigold, is reported as escaped from cultivation in Texas for the first time.

KEY WORDS: Tagetes, Asteraceae.

Tagetes erecta L., common or Aztec marigold, has been reported as escaped from cultivation in several states to the east and west of Texas including the adjacent states Oklahoma, Arkansas, and Louisiana (Cronquist 1980, Gandhi and Thomas 1989, Nature Serve 2004, Radford et. al. 1968, USDA 2004). Until now, the species has never been reported escaped in Texas (Correll and Johnston 1970, Hatch et. al. 1990, Jones et. al. 1997, Kartesz and Mecham 1999, Nesom and Brown 1998, Slona-Nelson 1996, Turner et. al. 2002). Approximately 20 plants were found on black clayey soil in a weedy lot recently cleared for construction. The flowers were in shades of both orange and yellow. These plants may be the result of direct seeding or contaminants in grass seeds. However, no other unusual weedy or commonly cultivated species were detected in the area. A key to the commonly escaped species of *Tagetes* can be found in Cronquist (1980), Gandhi and Thomas (1989), and Radford et. al. (1968).

Voucher specimen: **Walker Co**.: clayey disturbed area ca. 100 m, W of the corner of Hwy 75 and 10th St., 28 May 2004, *Keith* 701 (SBSC, SHST).

ACKNOWLEDGMENTS

Thanks to Larry Brown of Houston Community College for verifying the identity of this species and to Larry and Jason Singhurst, Texas Parks and Wildlife, for a critical review of the paper.

LITERATURE CITED

- Correll, D.S. and M.C. Johnston. 1970. Manual of the vascular plants of Texas. Texas Research Foundation, Renner, TX.
- Cronquist, A. 1980. Vascular flora of the Southeastern United States, Volume I: Asteraceae. The University of North Carolina Press. Chapel Hill, N.C.
- Gandhi, K. N. and R. D. Thomas. 1989. Asteraceae of Louisiana. Sida Botanical Miscellany No. 4. SMU Herbarium, Dallas.
- Hatch, S.L., K.N. Gandhi, and L.E. Brown. 1990. Checklist of the vascular plants of Texas, MP-1655. Texas Agric. Exp. Sta., College Station.
- Jones, S.D., J.K. Wipff, and P.M. Montgomery. 1997. Vascular plants of Texas. A comprehensive checklist including synonymy, bibliography, and index. University of Texas Press. Austin.
- Kartesz, J.T. and C.A. Mecham. 1999. Synthesis of the North American flora. Version 1.0. North Carolina Botanical Garden. Chapel Hill, North Carolina.
- NatureServe. 2004. NatureServe Explorer: An online encyclopedia of life [web application]. Version 3.1. NatureServe, Arlington, Virginia. Available <u>http://www.natureserve.org/explorer</u>. (Accessed: May 29, 2004).

- Nesom, G. L. and L. E. Brown. 1998. Annotated checklist of the vascular plants of Walker, Montgomery, and San Jacinto Counties, East Texas. Phytologia 84: 107-153.
- Radford, A. E., H. E. Ahles, C. R. Bell. 1968. Manual of the vascular flora of the Carolinas. The University of North Carolina Press. Chapel Hill, N.C.
- Slona-Nelson, K. B. 1996. Floristic study of Walker County, Texas: Asteraceae. Masters of Arts, Sam Houston State University.
- Turner, B.L., H. Nicholls, G. Denny, and O. Doron. 2003. Atlas of the vascular plants of Texas. Vol. 1. Sida, Botanical Miscellany 24. Botanical Research Institute of Texas.
- USDA, NRCS. 2004. The PLANTS Database, Version 3.5 (http://plants. usda.gov). National Plant Data Center, Baton Rouge, LA 70874-4490 USA.



Keith, Eric L . 2004. "Tagetes erecta (Asteraceae), a new escape to the flora of Texas." *Phytologia* 86, 104–106.

View This Item Online: <u>https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/126509</u> Permalink: <u>https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/96750</u>

Holding Institution Smithsonian Libraries and Archives

Sponsored by Biodiversity Heritage Library

Copyright & Reuse Copyright Status: NOT_IN_COPYRIGHT Rights Holder: Phytologia

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org.