p. 640), as breeding in the "Mississippi bottoms as far as Red Wing," about fifty miles below Minnehaha Creek, we had not hitherto found this species in the vicinity of Fort Snelling. — Louis DI ZEREGA MEARNS, Fort Snelling, Minn.

Lophophanes vs. Bæolophus. — If the Crested Tits are to be separated generically from Parus, as the writer thinks should be done, the name Lophophanes should be restricted to the Palæarctic species, and the name Bæolophus Cabanis, used for the American species. The two groups differ materially in structural detail, and each runs through the same scale of variation as to style of coloration, both genera containing conspicuously "bridled" species (Lophophanes cristatus and Bæolophus wollweberi) and excessively plain-colored species (Lophophanes dichrous and Bæolophus inornatus). This parallelism in color-variation has served to confuse the case by leading those authors who would separate the two groups to place B. wollweberi in the genus Lophophanes on account of its general resemblance in coloration to L. cristatus; but B. wollweberi represents the extreme differentiation of the American group in structural characters.

The species and subspecies of *Bæolophus* recognized by the A. O. U. Committee on Classification and Nomenclature are as follows:—

731. Bæolophus bicolor (Linn.).

731a. Bæolophus bicolor texensis (Sennett).

732. Bæolophus atricristatus (Cassin).

733. Bæolophus inornatus (Gambel).

733a. Bæolophus inornatus griseus (Ridgway).1

733b. Bæolophus inornatus cineraceus (Ridgway).

734. Bæolophus wollweberi (Bonap). -

ROBERT RIDGWAY, U. S. National Museum, Washington, D. C.

Balancing with One Wing.—Soon after reading Mr. Fishers' article in 'The Auk' for April on one wing equilibrium, I had an opportunity to observe this same method of balancing in the common Blue Jay. I secured a young Blue Jay, who had been out of the nest only twelve hours. When he perched on my finger, I turned the finger over, so as to destroy his equilibrium. But he would not be thrown off, but once shot out his left wing and gained his balance. I tried this experiment several times, with the result that he always gained his balance with one wing, usually the left one, as in Mr. Fisher's House Finches. He used his

¹ The removal of this form from the genus *Parus* renders the suppression of the subspecific name *griseus* and the substitution of *ridgwayi*, as proposed by Dr. Richmond, unnecessary.



Ridgway, Robert. 1903. "Lophophanes vs. Bæolophus." *The Auk* 20, 308–308. https://doi.org/10.2307/4069801.

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