

Further Note on *Otocoris alpestris praticola*.—In the April number of 'The Auk' mention was made of this bird's breeding in Butler County, Pennsylvania. I now desire to record its occurrence in the nesting season in Beaver County also, I having observed two individuals near the town of Beaver in June, on the 18th and 25th of the month respectively. In this connection it may be interesting to note that Dr. B. H. Warren has recently, as he informs me, taken the young in the mountainous region of Lycoming County.—W. E. CLYDE TODD, *Beaver, Beaver Co., Pa.*

The English Sparrow (*Passer domesticus*) in Nassau, N. P.—Several examples of this species were obtained by my collectors in Nassau during the past winter. Although introduced many years ago, it is not abundant and does not seem to have extended its range to any of the neighboring islands.—CHARLES B. CORY, *Boston, Mass.*

Former Occurrence of *Spiza americana* in Northern New Jersey.—Mr. C. S. Galbraith informs me that forty years ago the Dickcissel was a common summer resident near his home at Hoboken, N. J., a fact which seems of sufficient importance to be placed on record.—FRANK M. CHAPMAN, *American Museum of Natural History, New York City.*

An Abnormal Specimen of the Nonpareil (*Passerina ciris*).—I shot an adult male Nonpareil on June 24, of this year, which has the entire throat bright yellow. The ring around the eyes is also yellow, instead of red. The rest of the plumage is normal. The bird was shot at Mount Pleasant, S. C. This is the first specimen I have ever seen marked in that manner.—ARTHUR T. WAYNE, *Mount Pleasant, S. C.*

The Cedar Waxwing and American Dipper in Costa Rica.—April 11, 1891, Dr. Don Anastasio Alfaro secured two fine specimens, male and female, of *Ampelis cedrorum*, taken at the Volcano of Irazú at an elevation of about 6000 feet. I have compared the specimens carefully with examples from eastern North America and can detect no difference. The female has the wax tips to the secondaries. This capture extends the known range of the species several hundred miles southward.

I am also able to extend the known habitat of the American Dipper (*Cinclus mexicanus*) south from Guatamala to Costa Rica. There has been an example in the Museo Nacional for a long time, labeled *C. ardesiacus*, but only a few days ago, when compared with a couple of specimens of true *C. ardesiacus* was the mistake noted. I can also now add that *C. mexicanus* is a comparatively common bird along many of the mountain streams in Costa Rica. Its congener, *C. ardesiacus*, I consider rare.—GEORGE K. CHERRIE, *Museo Nacional, San José, Costa Rica.*

error
see Ridgw
Auk, 1907, p. 1

Another Massachusetts Record for the Mockingbird.—A specimen of *Mimus polyglottos* (Linn.) was shot by the writer at Great Island, near Hyannis, Mass., on August 30, 1891. The bird is in young plumage, still showing the spotted breast.—CHARLES B. CORY, *Boston, Mass.*



Cherrie, George Kruck. 1891. "The Cedar Waxwing and American Dipper in Costa Rica." *The Auk* 8, 395–395. <https://doi.org/10.2307/4068151>.

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