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stall of F. H. Hosmer & Co. a female Yellow-crowned Night Heron, in full nuptial plumage, and in a remarkably fresh state of preservation, which had been received on the previous Saturday in a shipment of birds from Yarmouth, N. S.

On looking the matter up, I found that it had been shipped by Mr. Howard Smith of Hawks Point, Cape Sable Island, and had been killed somewhere in that vicinity by Mr. R. C. Maxwell of Lower Clark's Harbor, Shelburne County, Cape Sable Island. I had a letter from Mr. Maxwell in which he told me of his killing the bird, and another from Mr. Smith, in which he writes, among other things, under date of April 21, as follows :—

"Since receiving your letter, I have learned through a friend of mine, Mr. I. K. Doane, lighthouse keeper at this place, that two other specimens of this bird have been captured this spring in our neighboring county, viz. Yarmouth, and are now mounted and on exhibition in the store of Benjamin Doane, taxidermist, Yarmouth, N. S."

It seems from this interesting information that at least three birds of this species had wandered this far north during the spring migration.— FRED. H. KENNARD, *Boston*, *Mass.*

The Authority for the Name Geotrygon chrysia.— In the Eighth Supplement to the Check-List, Auk, Jan., 1897, p. 126, the authority for the name Geotrygon chrysia is credited to Bonaparte, Consp. Av. II, 1854, 72, where it only occurs in the synonymy of Geotrygon martinica. Bonaparte, Comptes Rendus, XL, 1855, 100, says that he has in his esteemed correspondence "the name Geotrygon chrysia, a species still more brilliant and coming from the same countries as montana." This he considers to be the same as Geotrygon martinica and says that M. Castelnau, following the records of the Museum, finds it reported from Florida. It seems to me that this description is not sufficient to fix the name, and that the proper authority for Geotrygon chrysia should be Salvadori, Cat. Bds. Brit. Mus., XXI, 1893, 571.— J. H. RILEY, Washington, D. C.

The Black Vulture (*Catharista urubu*) in Virginia. — The A. O. U. Check-List gives the regular range of the Black Vulture (*Catharista atrata*) as reaching its most northern point in North Carolina. I have now to record that this vulture occurs regularly in Nansemond County, Virginia, where it is a not uncommon summer resident. Here it is known as the 'South Carolina Buzzard,' and it is usual to find it in company with Turkey Vultures (*Cathartes aura*), from which its smaller size and its quicker, more broken flight distinguish it at a glance. On the edge of the Dismal Swamp, along Cohoon Creek, near Suffolk, Nansemond Co., Virginia, May 19, 1902, it was noted as quite abundant, seven individuals being seen upon one occasion. The regular range of this species is thus extended northward to Nansemond County in Virginia, probably including



Riley, J H. 1902. "The Authority for the Name Geotrygon Chrysia." *The Auk* 19, 397–397. <u>https://doi.org/10.2307/4069606</u>.

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