therefore, without, however, any desire to dictate to those who prefer to take a different view, continue to write:

Euchœca perlineata, Packard.

= exhumata, Pearsall.

There are other points in Mr. Pearsall's article upon which one might comment, but I am very reluctant to take up further space in discussing a question of which the readers of the Canadian Entomologist must by this time be very tired.

## NEW HYMENOPTEROUS PARASITES OF ANTHONOMUS GRANDIS, BOH.

BY J. C. CRAWFORD, U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE.

Torymus anthonomi, n. sp.—  $\mathfrak{P}$ . Dull greenish, showing purplish tinges, especially on abdomen; head and thorax with abundant whitish pubescence, finely, closely punctured, the prothorax rather indistinctly transversely aciculated; temples narrow, making the head very narrow anterio-posteriorly; cheeks, from eyes to base of mandibles, carinate; scape light reddish, flagellum dark; femora aeneous, tibiæ light reddish-testaceous, tarsi whitish, apically dark; metathorax almost perpendicularly declivous, basally with short longitudinal rugæ, the centre ones longer, median one reaching almost to insertion of abdomen, rest of surface finely shagreened; metathoracic spiracles long oval; wings hyaline, stigmal vein two-thirds the length of postmarginal; marginal twice as long as postmarginal; abdomen very finely transversely lineated.

Length, 3 mm.; ovipositor, 1 1/2 mm.

♂.—Differs from ♀ only in the usual sexual characters and in size. Length, 1.75 mm.

Type locality, Waco, Tex., Aug. 29, 1906; also from Hallettsville, Tex., Aug. 9 and 30, 1906, 2 \copp. From Mexia, Tex., 1 \copp., Sept. 29, 1905, bred from *Brachytarsus* in heads of *Sideranthus rubiginosus*.

Type number 10040, U. S. Nat. Mus.

Urosigalphus anthonomi, n. sp.—  $\mathcal{P}$ . Black, shiny; legs red, thinly clothed with inconspicuous white hairs; antennæ and mandibles reddish, the antennæ 14-jointed, reaching to base of abdomen; antennal grooves very short; between antennæ the grooves distinctly carinated at edge, the outer edges not with distinct carinæ; inter-ocellar area elevated to a truncate pyramid, the ocelli at the bases of the sides, face with strong close punctures, behind ocelli coarse; median area of mesonotum rugose, not

so coarse anteriorly, lateral areas finely punctured; scutellum elevated, rugose, posteriorly a narrow, smooth shining border; truncation of metathorax rounded by a strong salient rim, elevated at centre dorsally, surface of truncature coarsely punctured; base of metathorax with a few strong longitudinal rugæ and a median longitudinal carina joining the median elevation of salient rim; abdomen somewhat reddish toward base, rugose with coarse punctures, the intervening elevations forming longitudinal lines, especially in basal half; apex of abdomen with two long sharp spines, ovipositor hardly as long as the abdomen.

Length, 3½ mm.

Brownsville, Texas, Aug. 19, 1895, C. H. T. Townsend coll.

3.—Similar, the antennæ longer, 14-jointed; no reddish on abdomen, carina of antennal grooves more distinct. Length, 3½ mm.

Brownsville, Texas, bred Sept. 20, 1906, W. D. Pierce.

Type number 10041, U. S. Nat. Mus.

Urosigalphus Schwarzi, n. sp. - ?. Black, shining, legs red, the hind tibiæ and tarsi reddish-fuscous, head and thorax covered with abundant short white pubescence; face finely, rather closely punctured; antennæ dark, 14-jointed, obscurely reddish, reaching to base of metathorax; antennal grooves deep, reaching to posterior ocelli; a narrow shallow depression from centre of front to insertion of antennæ, broadening upwardly, the edges of upper part subcarinate; above insertion of antennæ these carinæ become the carinæ of the inner edges of antennal grooves; mesothorax except lateral areas coarsely rugoso-punctate; lateral areas medially smooth, very shiny, finely sparsely punctured, scutellum elevated, postscutellum with a small median V-shaped elevation, the point caudad; truncation of metathorax coarsely punctured, the surrounding carinæ elevated at dorsal centre; wings slightly dusky, costa and stigma very dark, rest of nervures brown; radius obsolete beyond basal third of marginal cell; abdomen coarsely, closely punctured, basally the intervening surface forming distinct longitudinal ridges, apex of abdomen with two short blunt spines; ovipositor about as long as abdomen. Length, 3 mm.

d.—Similar to ♀ except in sexual characters; antennæ reaching one-third of distance to tip of abdomen, 14-jointed. Length, 3 mm.

Five females, one male, Cacao, Trece Aguas, Alta Vera Paz, Guatemala, E. A. Schwarz and H. S. Barber coll.

Type number 10042, U. S. Nat. Mus.



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