

OBSERVATIONS ON BRITISH COCCIDAE IN 1914,  
WITH DESCRIPTIONS OF NEW SPECIES.

BY E. ERNEST GREEN, F.Z.S., F.E.S.

(PLATES XV—XVII).

I recently published in this Magazine (Vol. L, p. 197, 1914) the description of a new British Coccid, under the name of *Kuwania britannica*. I have since received, from Prof. T. D. A. Cockerell, photomicrographs of *Steingelia gorodetskia* of Nasonow, which have convinced me that my insect is identical with that species. I still maintain, however, that the species should be included in the genus *Kuwania*. The only possible excuse for separation is the number of antennal joints, which is 8 in *Steingelia gorodetskia*, and 9 in typical species of *Kuwania*. This difference appears to me to be of scarcely more than specific value or, at the most, might warrant the erection of a sub-genus. If this view is accepted, the name should now stand as *Kuwania (Steingelia) gorodetskia* (Nasonow).

Nasonow's specimens were taken in Russia, and this is the only locality quoted. The discovery of the insect in England is, therefore, still of considerable interest. It remains an addition to the British fauna, although its claim to scientific novelty must be abandoned.

ERIOCOCCUS DEVONIENSIS *Green*.

In the same paper I mentioned finding an *Eriococcus* on *Erica* that would probably prove to be *devoniensis*, hitherto recorded only from Budleigh Salterton. This supposition has turned out to be correct. At the time immature and early adult females only had been found. Even in this stage the characteristic distortion of the stems of the affected plants was noticeable. In fact, it was only by this symptom that the presence of the insect was detected. The white ovisacs were not commonly noticeable until well into September. The insect occurred both on the wild *Erica cinerea* and upon allied cultivated forms in gardens. In the latter case the insect was a veritable pest, some plants being so thickly infested that they had to be destroyed.

The nymphal insect is of a bright golden yellow colour, with glistening, short, glassy filaments. In the final stage the colour deepens to orange-red. In my Surrey examples all the dorsal spines are rather more acuminate than those of typical examples from Devonshire, in which the larger spines are markedly truncate.



Males commenced to appear towards the end of August. They are of the form normal to the genus, of a brownish purple colour, with a pair of long white caudal filaments. Antenna 10-jointed, 3rd joint longest, longer than preceding two joints together; subsequent joints decreasing in size to the tenth, which is the shortest. Apical half of terminal joint dense and opaque, with from four to five stout curved spines at its extremity; one or two long and slender knobbed hairs on each joint with the exception of the 1st and 2nd.

*ERIOCOCCUS INSIGNIS* Newst.

Occurs commonly on grasses (usually *Agrostis* sp.) in the Camberley district.

*ERIOCOCCUS GREENI* Newst.

This species, which was described from a single example taken at Budleigh Salterton in 1896, has now turned up at Camberley, where it occurs not uncommonly, in association with *E. insignis*. Owing to the difficulty (noted by Newstead) of distinguishing between the ovisacs of the two species, it is probable that *E. greeni* may be frequently overlooked. The ovisac of *greeni* appears to me to be proportionately slightly broader and rougher than the other. I find also that this species shows a distinct preference for constructing its ovisacs upon dry fallen leaves. The insects themselves are readily distinguishable by the arrangement of the spines, which in *greeni* are scattered thickly and more or less evenly over the dorsum, while in *insignis* they are confined to the margin where they form a conspicuous fringe. Newstead describes the type as having 6-jointed antennae, the 3rd joint very long. In my examples I find that the antennae are normally 7-jointed, the 3rd and 4th being longest and approximately equal. In only a single example have I found the typical 6-jointed form.

*ERIOCOCCUS INERMIS* nov.

Adult female elongate oval (fig. 1-a). Derm without spines, except on the anal lobes; but closely set with conspicuous thick-rimmed pores opening into tubular ducts (fig. 1-c), and some inconspicuous spiniform hairs. Anal lobes prominent; each lobe with a longish stout apical seta and two stout spines on its inner margin. Anal ring with eight stout setae extending almost to the extremity of the lobes. Legs moderately large; tarsus equal to or slightly longer than tibia; claw without denticle; digitules hair-like, dilated at extremity. Antenna (fig. 1-b) 6-jointed, the 3rd very long and usually broader than the 2nd; other joints short. Occasionally there is an incomplete division in the 3rd joint. Antennal formula 3, 6, 2 (4, 5). Length ranging from 1.50 to 2.50 mm.; breadth from 0.75 to 1.20 mm.; average of fourteen examples, 1.97 by 0.94 mm.



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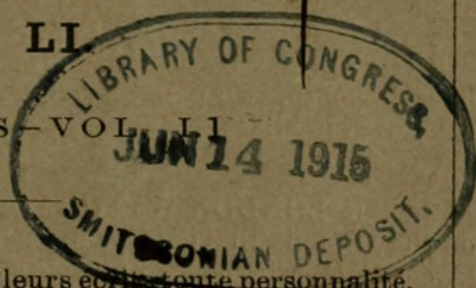
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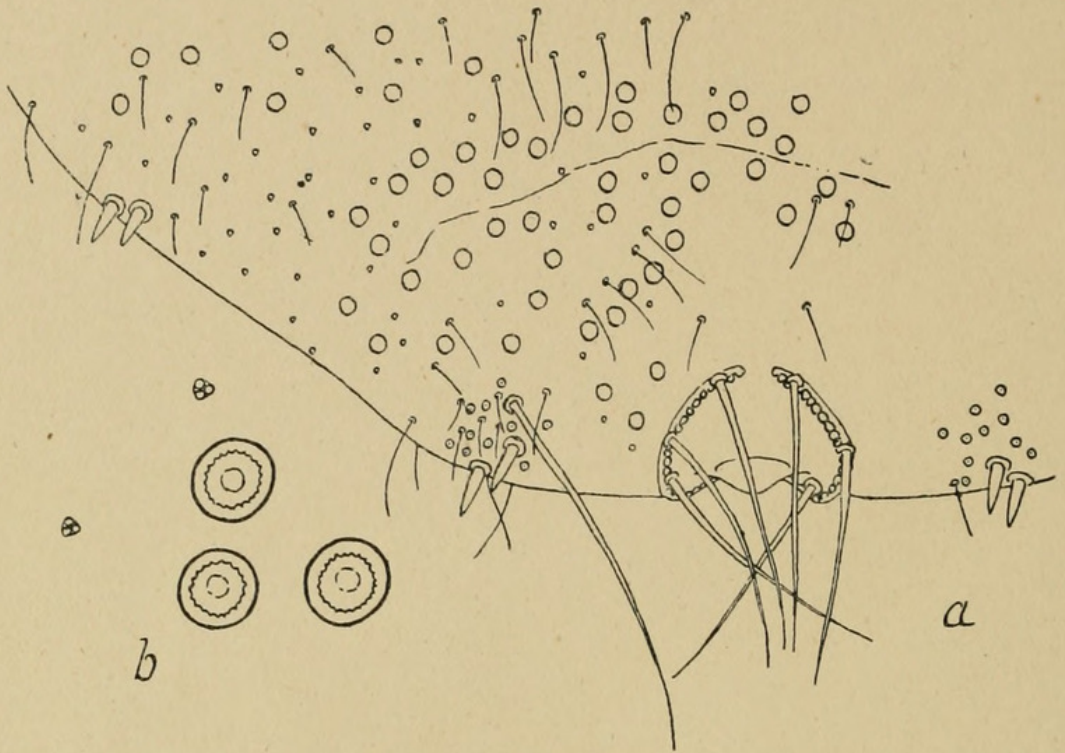


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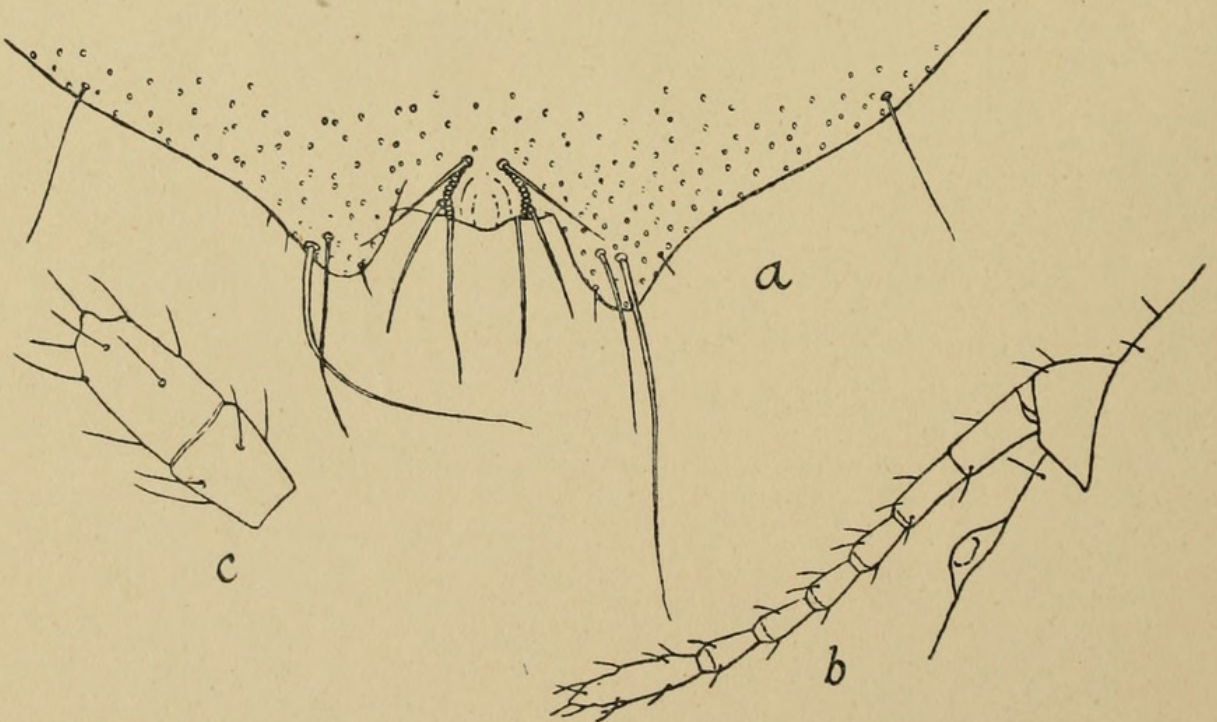


FIG. 3.

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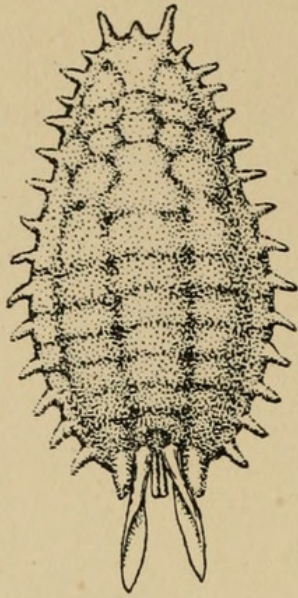


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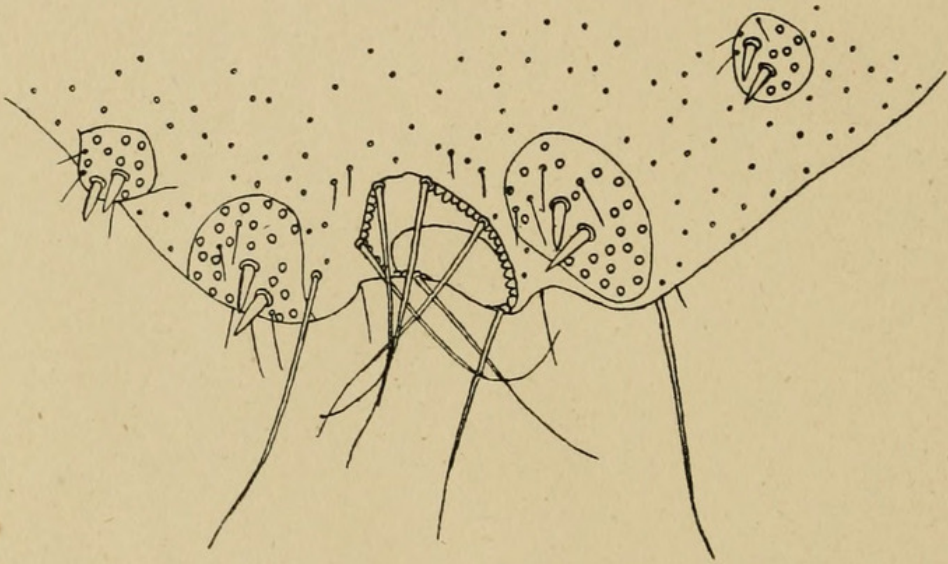


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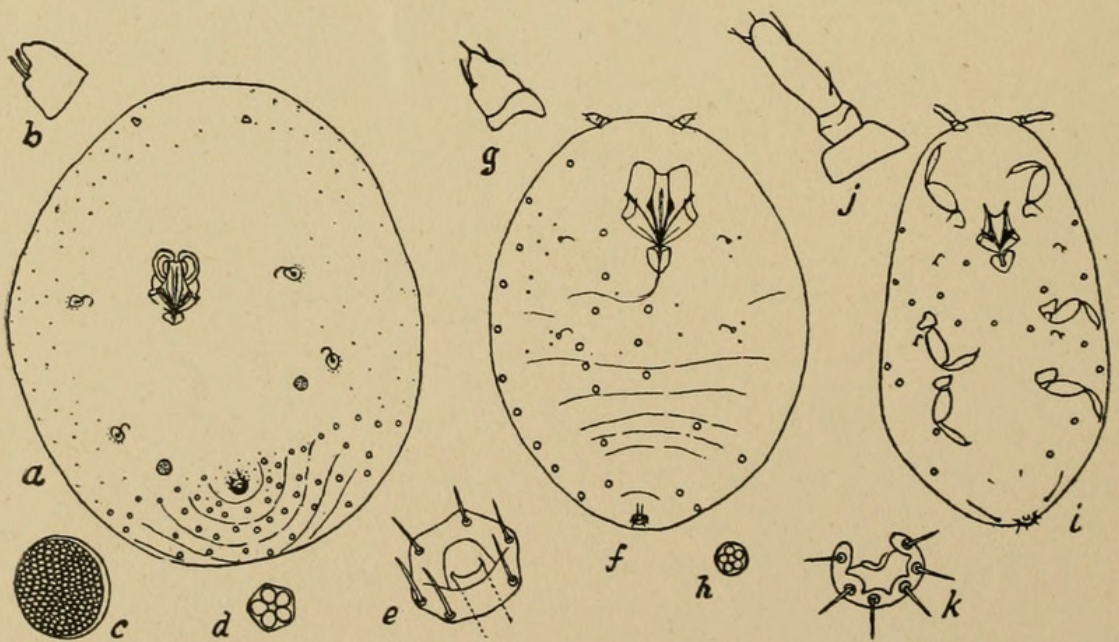


FIG. 6.

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