Neossoptile distribution patterns of only 5 species of Thraupinae have been described (Table 3). Only 4 pterylae (coronal, occipital, scapular and spinal) are always present; they are all found on the upper parts. The occipital tract only has a constant number of 4/4 neossoptiles. Neossoptile numbers for wing and leg pterylae are extremely variable throughout the 5 species. This variability is found also in the natal down pattern of Tersininae, e.g. *Tersina viridis* (Collins 1973) and of other Emberizinae, e.g. *Sicalis flaveola* and *Tiaris olivacea* (Harrison 1974), *Sporophila* finches (Collins & Kemp 1976) and *Paroaria gularis* (Collins & Bender 1977).

With regard to this extreme variability within the natal pterylosis, the neossoptile distribution pattern may prove to be a taxonomic character of limited utility. Only more extensive data on the natal pterylosis of neotropical passerines may reveal any real value in establishing taxonomic relationships.

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Address: Dr. J. J. T. Ingels, Galgenberglaan 9, B-9120 Destelbergen, Belgium.

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# Morphometry, wing loading and food of western Darfur birds

## by R. T. Wilson & D. M. Ball

### Received 29 June 1978

Darfur is known ornithologically only from the pioneering work of Admiral Lynes (Lynes 1924–1925) and some minor publications by Madden (1934, 1935, 1946). Later books with references to Darfur draw, apparently in entirety, from Lynes (Cave & MacDonald 1955, Mackworth-Praed & Grant 1960). The opportunity presented by an 18 months stay in western Darfur was taken advantage of and an effort has been made to monitor changes in the environment, the distribution and the seasonality of the avifauna which have taken place in the last 60 years. Full results have not yet been analysed. This preliminary note presents some physical data and information on food for a number of Darfur birds. Nomenclature generally follows that of White (1961–1965).

In Table 1, linear measurements are all in millimetres, wing area in square centimetres, weights in grams. Wing area was calculated from a drawn

	i ras ular iular mun	Wing loading	0.352	0.335	0.245	0.405±0.012 0.394-0.418	0.408	n). 0 <sup>-239</sup>	0.306	0.764	0.848	esoc esb in (b froj gain	0.730
ABLE I		Net weight	314.6	643.0	128.8	587:9 <u></u> ±32:53 557:5-622:2	1975	556°1 in Zalingei towi	1.761	391.8	408.9	1171.4; 1176.0	1166-9
	ig and food of western Darfur birds.	Weight of crop  gut contents	27.9	4.0	0.0	9.8±11.54 0.0-22.5	47	27.5 nd bones (shot	19·9 hurs).	2.2	1.5	0.1:9.6 0.	I.I
		Total weight	342 • 5	647.0	128.8	597°7±27°21 580−629	2022	583.6 of rodent fur a	217·0 parts (17·00 ho	0.668		1175.0; 1177.	0.8911
		Wing area	972	1842	525	1470-3±26-39 1440-1488	4960 , earth.	2324 , small quantity	710 ted Orthoptera	522	.6) (10.00 hours 488 iours).		16.30 hours). 1600
	try, wing loadin	Wing length	230	315	190	319·0土19·31 302-340	545 identified leaves	425 ?domestic fowl)	269 ptera plus diges	166	tyledon seeds (2 165 1 seeds (10·00 h		tyledon seeds (1 260
	Morphomet	Tarsus length	83	95	49	92.7土7.57 84-98 otera.	100 bird's foot, uni	79 of largish bird (	54 of seven Ortho	67	seeds (30), dico 72 and dicotyledor		s and 40% dico 95 2·00 hours).
		Bill length	رز slate Isoptera.	16 ard.	12	29:3±2:31 28-32 s, lizards, orthol	63 ales, bird bones,	30 gested remains o	13 able abdomens	ui 16	idae (14), grass 17 l hundred grass		60% grass seed 19 11 seeds (15) (1
		Species and Sex	Ardeola ibis Q Food items: 300-400	Circus pygargus & imm. Food items: One lize	Accipiter badius 2	Melierax metabates 322 Food items: Rodents	Haliaetus vocifer S Food items: Fish sca	Milvus migrans S Food items: Well di	Falco timunculus Q Food items: Identifi	Francolinus clapperton.	Food items: Formic P Food items: Several	Numida meleagris 292	Food items: About Pood items: Sorghu

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[Bull. B.O.C. 1979: 99(1)]

		17			[Bull.	B.O.C. 197	9: 99(1)]
o.855 unidentified. o.549土0.08 o.464-0.633 o.469;0.496 one bird which ng condition on	to be Nov (rainy g follicle plus 17 grass seeds 10%, <i>la</i> were found in 'ing loading was	0.343 0.282	0.424	0.433	0.363;0.345	0.342±0.064 0.292-0.373 ding (15 ovules)	o.257 tsion of range.
همهن م. (م. م. م	eason appeared t id one developin %, maize 15 %, g uous <i>Acacia albii</i> ldspar debris. W	\$.06 6.96	66.7	239.5	117-6; 113-7	102.2±6.90 95.8-109.5 oming into breed	99.8 presents an exten
Coleoptera, 1% Coleoptera, 1% 9 $9 \cdot 1 \pm 2 \cdot 72$ 6 $\cdot 8 - 12 \cdot 1$ 6 $\cdot 17 \cdot 5$ 6 millet <i>Penni</i> , he heavier fems	ipal breeding s d the female ha groundnuts 20 <sup>6</sup> ty season decid- quartz and fe	0.0 1977.	2.0	£.11	7.3;0.0	0・8±0・75 0 <sup>-15</sup> . One female o	o.o nd possibly re
4120.0 rthoptera, 4% 346.4±56.4 312.0-411.6 305.1; 292.4 <i>dgare</i> in one bir groundnuts. Tj	1977. The princ igeon's milk an orghum 60 %, § aves of the rain ified leaves and	97 · 5 90 · 5 tion on 15 Jan	68.7	250.8	124.9; 113.7	103.0土7.30 95.8–110.4 ava and mango	99.8 ned by Lynes a
4821 approx. 90% O 632±59°09 566–680 55;590 ghum <i>Sorghum w</i> rd having eaten	t 1976 and May pps containing p 5% of birds, sc in 5%; green le imes of unident	284 321 breeding condi	162	553	344; 330 45 sp.).	303∙0±23∙30 284-329 ısıw: flesh of gu	388 and. Not mentic
545 ss comprised of 228±3 225-231 233; 222 aplete shell, sorg	cen between Oc ov both had cro eing found in 7 , and snail shell ately equal volu	147 135 1ale coming into	Ιοζ	181	144; 139 v seeds (? <i>Elass</i>	154°0土1°73 152-155 a albida and <i>El</i> a	153 cia albida woodl
195 htly packed mas 36; 37(2) 37; 36 including com same Sesamum i	alensis) were tak e shot on 15 N eferred food b '5%, earth 10% uned approxima	24 25 sorghum. Fem	27	32	21; 20 Illars and yellow	19·3±1·16 18-20 :t, lentils, Acaci	° 00' E) in <i>Aca</i>
h contained tig] 27(1) 23(1) Inuts in 3 birds ts, 3 seeds of se ovules.	icluding <i>S. seneg</i> male and femal ted to be the pr and <i>Lablab niger</i> op of one conta	ر 15 15 male contained	13	14	22; 20 d yellow caterpi	$17.0\pm1.0$ 16-18 sorghum, mille	i (13° 00' N, 23
Neotis denbami d Food items: Stomac Columba guinea 3dd Food items: Ground had also eaten peanu 12 ix. 1976 with 17 c	20 <i>Streptopelia</i> (not in season June-Sep): a ovules. Millet appear water melon, sesame one bird and the crc or 391±0.04 g/cm <sup>2</sup> .	Streptopena senegatensi S Food items: Crop of Turtur abyssinicus	9 Treron waalia	ර් Food items: Figs.	Poicepbalus meyeri 299 Food items: Pink and	322 Food items: seeds of on 15 Nov 1976.	Agapornis pullaria not sexed. Taken on Wadi Bare

[Bull. B	3.O.C. 1979	: 99(1)	]		10			0	
Wing loading	o·389; o·531 ant tree), mango	not measured	0.245	not measured	0.247	0.192 0.211	0.308 0.284	0.208 0.184 1 digested at 15.3	0.239
Net weight	382.2; 520.3 drought-resist	unknown	83.6 9 ovules.	73.4	56.4	102.5 98.2	116.2 108.3	71.6 65.3 had beer rrifa) flower.	228.5
Weight of crop  gut contents	9.5; 1.2 (an introduced	not measured	sulq (mm ?1)	7.3	6.0	0.9	0 0 4 0 2	0.6 1.0 s (mandibles, e ( <i>Hibiscus sabda</i>	3.6
Total weight	391·7; 521·5 ct, <i>Elassus</i> leaf	135.4	8۶۰۶ eloping follicle	80.7	\$7.3	102 · 5 104 · 2 51a.	116.6 108.5	72.2 66.3 chitinous parts and 1 rosella	234.1
Wing area	1007; 979 had seeds of mille	not measured	345 Apr 1977. One dev	not measured	228	533 493 era and 2 Coleopte	378 382	347 360 1 the exception of era, 1 Diptera larv	978
Wing length	251; 249 eaves. The other	178	129 ken at dusk 19 A	145	112	162 153 ught 3 Orthopt	180 175 Coleoptera.	140 140 Il of which with ptera, 3 Hemipté	233 of ants.
Tarsus length	49; 52 lava fruit and le	52	20 and gravel. Tal	18 Alestes sp.	71	20 26 10 hours, had ca	23 25 formicids and	29 27 7 ptera, 3 Dermap	44 plus hard parts
Bill length	32; 31 d eaten only gu ptera.	28	II insect remains	ς² cently caught -	43 Formicidae.	28 25 e, taken at 15.0	19 18 birds had eaten	rs 56 40 had taken only eaten 1 Orthoj	92 e yellow seeds I
pecies and Sex	7:mifer zornurus 292 ood items: One ha esh and 8 alate Iso	Centropus senegalensis not sexed.	<i>)tus scops</i> Q Food items: Mushy	Ceryle rudis S Food items: One re	Halcyon senegalensis Q Food items: Alate ]	Coracias abyssinica of Pood items: Femal	Eurystomus glaucuri d Pood items: Both	Phoeniculus purpurer of Food items: Male hours. Female had	Tockus nasutus & Food items: Large

10					19		[Bull	. B.O.C	. 1979:	99(1)
0.451 tic beads. Breeds	0.123	0.160; 0.170	0•147	orically to be not	0.346 0.331;0.334 1d quartz grains	0.305	0.265	0.230	0.216	0.112
2904 ly coloured plas	42.3	49.1;43.1	54.3	e. Stated catego	586.7 487; 493.5 nents of bone a	733.9	67.8	33.8	5.6	9.9
136 s and 12 bright	9.0	1.2;0.3	9.0	tension of rang	7.5 4.4; 7.5 1d insects, fragn	1.11	1.0	5.0	0.0	1.0
3040 ptera, millipede	42.9	50.3; 43.4	54-9	127.7 s a northern ex (12° 03' N).	594·2 491·4; 501·0 alingei town) ar	745 rtghum.	6.19	34.3	6.6	6.7
6434 oundnuts, Orthc	344	314; 245	37 <sup>2</sup> hours.	bably represent orth as Dilling (	1718 1486; 1510 in one female (Z	2407 And caten sc	256	147	43	59
555 of sorghum, gro	110	132; 115	110 nsecta at 16.00	r7r ur and Apr: pro ed only as far n	375 379; 345 1d bird embryo	400 to blood and o	115	16	57	51
180 tly packed mass	24	28; 31 otera.	36 inrecognisable I	3° 29′ <b>55</b> parently record	70 72; 69 ale; egg shell ar	82 and in addition	41	flesh. <sup>31</sup>	17	13 24
1s) 178 h contained tigh late Feb.	19 d caterpillar.	17; 19 itera and Coleop	r well digested u	zi (12° 54' N, 2 d previously ap	62 55;55 dnuts only in m	60 slaughterhouse	emains.	14 idae and mango	s seeds.	s seeds.
orvus abyssinicus imm. (?8 montl od items: Stomac y, this one taken ropicos goertae	d items: Ant an mops cristatus	२२ d items: Orthop iarus barbarus	d items: Largely ostomus afer	ot sexed. amon in Zalinge ent by Lynes an wus albus	22 d items: Groun ther.	vocorax rbipidurus d items: Shot at doides plebejus	d items: Insect 1 dornis pallida	d items: Formic rilda bengala	d items: 10 grass mosticta senegala	d items: 50 grass
But Foc Jul	Pric	Too	Foo	Cor	100 H	Roch	Foo	Est of	toot	100

### [Bull. B.O.C. 1979: 99(1)]

outline of one wing either by counting squares on graph paper or by using a gravimetric method, the resulting figure being doubled to obtain total wing area: wing loading, expressed as g/cm<sup>2</sup>, was determined as the net weight divided by the wing area. Where parametric data for a number of individuals of a species are available they are presented as the mean  $\pm$  standard deviation and extremes of range. All data refer to adult, non-breeding birds, unless otherwise stated.

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Addresses: R. T. Wilson, 21 Westfield Grove, Wakefield, U.K.; D. M. Ball, Hunting Technical Services, Borehamwood, U.K.

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# A further note on the status of Monticola pretoriae Gunning & Roberts, 1911

## by T. Farkas

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In his remarks on Monticola pretoriae, Clancey (1968) stated that this species is simply a well-marked race of Monticola brevipes. It seems that his opinion has been taken over without further examination of the available material, even by Hall & Moreau (1970).

The fact that M. brevipes shows a well-marked seasonal dimorphism, the different stages of which had earlier been misconstrued by Sclater (1930) as morphs, was first described in detail by Farkas (1962), but Clancey evidently overlooked this paper. Later, in a paper on M. pretoriae (Farkas 1966), I chose the lack of seasonal dimorphism in pretoriae as the main evidence for the reinstatement of it as a good species; this also Clancey appears not to have taken into account.

Clancey (1968) describes 2 male 'intergrades', though it is not clear why he regards these specimens as such, nor is it stated at what time of year they were collected. Certainly, as Clancey describes, the 2 specimens show some white colour on their heads, concealed by blue-grey apices; but this only qualifies them, together with a third specimen from Kosterfontein in Western Transvaal, as adult males of M. brevipes in different stages of their eclipse plumage. The dry Griqualand West and adjoining areas of the Orange Free State are, in any case, outside the range of M. pretoriae as there is no suitable habitat in that area.



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