Case 2858

Hydrophoria Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830 (Insecta, Diptera): proposed designation of Musca lancifer Harris, [1780] as the type species

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Abstract. The purpose of this application is to designate *Musca lancifer* Harris, [1780] (a senior subjective synonym of *Anthomyia conica* Wiedemann, 1817) as the type species of *Hydrophoria* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830. This will conserve the universal usage of *Hydrophoria* for a genus in the ANTHOMYIIDAE; Coquillett (1910) cited a type species which would make the name applicable to a genus of MUSCIDAE.

- 1. The genus *Hydrophoria* was described by Robineau-Desvoidy (1830, p. 503) with nine nominal species, all new. The descriptions of at least two of the species (*H. tibialis* and *H. sagittariae*, p. 505) are compatible with the common European anthomyiid described by Harris ([1780], p. 126, pl. 36) as *Musca lancifer* and by Wiedemann (1817, p. 79) as *Anthomyia conica* 'Meig.'. *Hydrophoria* has been long and universally used for a genus in the ANTHOMYIIDAE, but its type species has not been validly fixed in this sense.
- 2. Macquart (1835, p. 297) discussed *Hydrophoria*, giving '*Hydrophoria conica H. tibialis*? Rob.D.' as the first species. Unfortunately Macquart's action does not constitute a type designation, but *Hydrophoria* has been used ever since in the sense which could be typified by *Anthomyia conica* Wiedemann, 1817 (see para. 4 below).
- 3. Westwood ([1840], p. 142) designated *Musca nigrita* Fallén, 1823 (p. 60) as the type, but this was not an originally included nominal species (by 1830 Robineau-Desvoidy had been unable to obtain a copy of Fallén's work: see p. 18 of his *Essai*). Coquillett (1910, p. 554) noted Westwood's selection of *M. nigrita*, stating this to be synonymous with *M. vespertina* Fallén, 1823 (p. 58) and Robineau-Desvoidy's *H. littoralis* (an originally included species) as follows: '*Hydrophoria* ... Type, *Musca vespertina* Fallen (as *littoralis*, new species), the last species, by designation of Westwood ... (as *nigrita* Fallen). Syn., *Hebecnema* Schnabl, 1889'. This synonymy did not derive from Westwood, who had not mentioned *Hydrophoria littoralis* at all but had merely recorded Robineau-Desvoidy's use (p. 503) of the Latin term 'Aricinae littorales' for a group of genera including *Hydrophoria*. Macquart (1835, p. 301) however had earlier synonymized *H. littoralis* with *M. nigrita* (but not with *M. vespertina*).
- 4. Rondani (1866, p. 72) gave Anthomyia conica as the type species in accordance with the usage of Hydrophoria which had already become established. This is invalid because A. conica was not an originally included nominal species, but nevertheless it has been cited as the type by later authors (e.g. Kloet & Hincks, 1945, p. 423) and has been included in Hydrophoria by all authors during the present century.

- 5. Coquillett's action (para. 3 above) has been accepted as a valid (although inadvertent) designation of an originally included nominal species (i.e. *H. littoralis*), but this would have the highly unsatisfactory consequence of transferring the name *Hydrophoria* to a genus in the MUSCIDAE. No author has been willing to make this transfer. Huckett (1965, p. 863) well summarized the situation as follows: 'Hydrophoria Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830: 503. Type-species, littoralis Robineau-Desvoidy (Coquillett, 1910b: 554). The identity of littoralis is in doubt, as is the identity of an earlier-suggested senior synonym, nigrita Fallén, which has been variously referred to such widely different genera as Hebecnema and Musca. Common usage of Hydrophoria has followed the interpretation of Rondani, 1866a: 72 (1866: 5) who designated as type species Anthomyia conica Wiedemann, a species not originally included. The author prefers to maintain this established usage of Hydrophoria, either by arbitrarily considering littoralis as a true Hydrophoria, or if necessary by appplying to the I.C.Z.N. to fix the type species as conica Wiedemann'.
- 6. Hennig (1969, p. 251) followed Huckett's suggestion by arbitrarily 'synonymizing' *H. littoralis* Robineau-Desvoidy (p. 506) with *A. conica*, a strategem to allow *conica* to be taken as the valid name of the type species of *Hydrophoria*. This is unacceptable, however, because specialists on the MUSCIDAE continue to assume (on the basis of the original description) that *Hydrophoria littoralis* was a species of *Hebecnema* Schnabl, 1889. In Pont's (1986) catalogue of Palaearctic MUSCIDAE the name *littoralis* is listed (p. 160) as a synonym of *Hebecnema nigra* (Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830, p. 501).
- 7. Evenhuis & Thompson (1990, p. 245) listed a previously overlooked designation of Anthomyia conica as the type species of Hydrophoria by Duponchel (1845, p. 760), in the form 'H. conica (Minca id. Fallen, H. tibialis? R.-D.'; Minca is evidently an error for Musca. However, the validity of this designation is unfortunately negated by the question mark. Duponchel was doubtless following Macquart (see para. 2 above) in regarding A. conica as characteristic of Hydrophoria but in being unsure that Robineau-Desvoidy (p. 505) had applied his name tibialis to this species. Although formally invalid, Duponchel's designation confirms the early establishment of the tradition of regarding A. conica as the 'typical' species of Hydrophoria.
- 8. This application is made in order to preserve the concept of *Hydrophoria*, established since the time of Macquart (1835), Duponchel (1845) and Rondani (1866), as typified by *Anthomyia conica* Wiedemann, 1817. Pont & Michelsen (1982, p. 34) consider *A. conica* to be a junior subjective synonym of *Musca lancifer* Harris, [1780], and the combination *Hydrophoria lancifer* has been in use by anthomyiid specialists during the past decade (e.g. Fan et al., 1988, p. 113). I therefore propose that *M. lancifer* be designated as the type species of *Hydrophoria*.
- 9. The International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature is accordingly asked:
 - to use its plenary powers to set aside all previous fixations of type species for the nominal genus *Hydrophoria* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830, and to designate *Musca lancifer* Harris, [1780] as the type species;
 - (2) to place on the Official List of Generic Names in Zoology the name *Hydrophoria* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830 (gender: feminine), type species by designation in (1) above *Musca lancifer* Harris, [1780];

(3) to place on the Official List of Specific Names in Zoology the name *lancifer* Harris, [1780], as published in the binomen *Musca lancifer* (specific name of the type species of *Hydrophoria* Robineau-Desvoidy, 1830).

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