



Figs. 4-9. *Entedononecremnus krauteri*. 4, Habitus, female. 5, Head, female. 6, Mesonotum and metasoma, female. 7, Metasoma, female, ventral view. 8, Midtibial spur, female. 9, Scape, male, ventral view.

Cockerell Butterfly Center (400 parasites), and the Fort Worth Botanical Garden (60 parasites). *Entedononecremnus krauteri* was later found attacking giant whitefly on *Hibiscus* growing outdoors at the San Antonio Botanical Garden. It remains unknown if *E. krauteri* is native to North America or if this is a case of fortuitous ecesis (DeBach 1971).

Etymology. Named in honor of P. C. Krauter, who found the parasite and its host in his hometown of Comfort, Texas.

Types. Holotype female mounted on a card, "Texas: Kendall Co., Comfort, Altgelt Ave., 10.X.1995, G. Zolnerowich" "*Aleurodicus dugesii* on *Hibiscus syriacus*". Holotype deposited in USNM. Twenty-three female and 18 male para-

types with same data as holotype deposited in BMNH, CDFA, CNC, TAMU, UCR, and USNM.

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