On new Species of Barbus from Lake Victoria. 449

Closely allied to *Phasma putidum*, Bates (also from Santarem), but differing in the colour of the antennæ, the prickles on the thorax, &c.

A single specimen only, taken by Mr. F. O. Pickard-Cambridge.

Subfam. XV. Aschipasminæ.

Subfam. XVI. PHYLLINÆ.

I have no additions to make to these subfamilies. The genus Aschipasma, Westw., is often misspelt Aschiphasma.

LII.—Diagnoses of Three new Species of Barbus from Lake Victoria. By G. A. BOULENGER, F.R.S.

Barbus nummifer.

D. III 8. A. III 5. L. lat. 37–39. L. tr. $\frac{5\frac{1}{2}-6\frac{1}{2}}{6^{4}}$.

Depth of body $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 times in total length, length of head $4\frac{1}{3}$ to $4\frac{1}{2}$ times. Snout rounded, as long as eye, which is $3\frac{2}{3}$ to 4 times in length of head; interorbital width $2\frac{1}{3}$ to $2\frac{2}{3}$ times in length of head; lips feebly developed, interrupted on the chin; barbels 2 on each side, anterior as long as eye or a little shorter, posterior $1\frac{1}{4}$ to $1\frac{1}{2}$ diameters of eye. Last simple ray of dorsal very strong, bony, not serrated, as long as head. Ventrals below origin of dorsal. Caudal peduncle $1\frac{2}{3}$ to twice as long as deep. 4 scales between lateral line and root of ventral. A series of 3 to 6 round blackish spots on each side.

Total length 130 mm. Several specimens.

Barbus macropristis.

D. III 7. A. III 5. L. lat. 39. L. tr. $\frac{6\frac{1}{2}-7\frac{1}{2}}{5\frac{1}{2}}$.

Depth of body equal to length of head, 4 times in total length. Snout rounded, $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 times in length of head; diameter of eye 4 to $4\frac{1}{2}$ times in length of head, interorbital width $2\frac{3}{4}$ times; lips feebly developed; barbels 2 on each side, anterior $\frac{1}{2}$ diameter of eye, posterior as long as eye. Last simple ray of dorsal very strong, bony, strongly serrated behind, nearly as long as or a little longer than head. Ventrals entirely in advance of dorsal. Caudal peduncle twice as long as deep. 3 scales between lateral line and root of ventral. No markings.

Total length 128 mm.

Two specimens.

Barbus Doggetti.

D. III 8. A. III 5. L. lat. 29. L. tr. 34.

Depth of body equal to length of head, $3\frac{2}{3}$ times in total length. Snout rounded, $3\frac{1}{2}$ times in length of head; diameter of eye $3\frac{2}{3}$ times in length of head, interorbital width 3 times; lips feebly developed; barbels 2 on each side, minute. Last simple ray of dorsal not ossified, as long as head. Ventrals below anterior rays of dorsal. Caudal peduncle nearly twice as long as deep. 2 scales between lateral line and root of ventral. No markings.

Total length 96 millim. A single specimen.

These fishes were obtained by the late Mr. W. G. Doggett, and have been presented to the British Museum by Col. Delmé Radcliffe.

LIII.—Descriptions of Three new Snakes. By G. A. BOULENGER, F.R.S.

Hydræthiops lævis.

Rostral broader than deep, just visible from above and in contact with the internasal, which is divided or semidivided along the middle line; frontal once and one third as long as broad, as long as its distance from the end of the snout, shorter than the parietals; loreal usually fused with the præfrontal; one præ- and two postoculars; temporals 1+2; nine upper labials, fourth and fifth entering the eye, sixth and seventh in contact with the parietal; two pairs of chinshields, the anterior in contact with four or five lower labials. Scales perfectly smooth, in 21 rows. Ventrals 154–163; anal divided; subcaudals 51–52. Yellowish or reddish brown above, with a series of large, dark olive-brown, blackedged spots, which may be confluent posteriorly into a zigzag band; head uniform olive-brown above and on the sides;



Boulenger, George Albert. 1904. "Diagnoses of three new species of Barbus from Lake Victoria." *The Annals and magazine of natural history; zoology, botany, and geology* 13, 449–450.

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