#### VOL. XVI, 1893.

as the east coast analogue of the Pacific N. Recluziana, though the latter exhibits remarkable extremes of variation in many ways, and is much less constant in form than *duplicata*. I have collected both of these western forms at many-places, from Puget Sound to San Diego. L. Lewisii is occasionally met with of extremely large size; it is the giant of the Naticas; it is frequently eaten by the Indians inhabiting the region bordering on the sound.

### Family NERITIDÆ.

### Genus NERITINA Lamarck.

### Neritina reclivata Say.

## Numerous living examples.

Dall gives the distribution of this species, as St. Augustine and both coasts of Florida, Texas, and the West Indies to Jamaica, the latter place being its southerly limit so far as known at the present time. Wherever found it is usually quite abundant. It is a rather pretty and well characterized species. It is quite common around the mouth of Hillsboro River where the stream flows into the bay near Tampa.

## Class CEPHALOPODA.

Family SPIRULIDÆ.

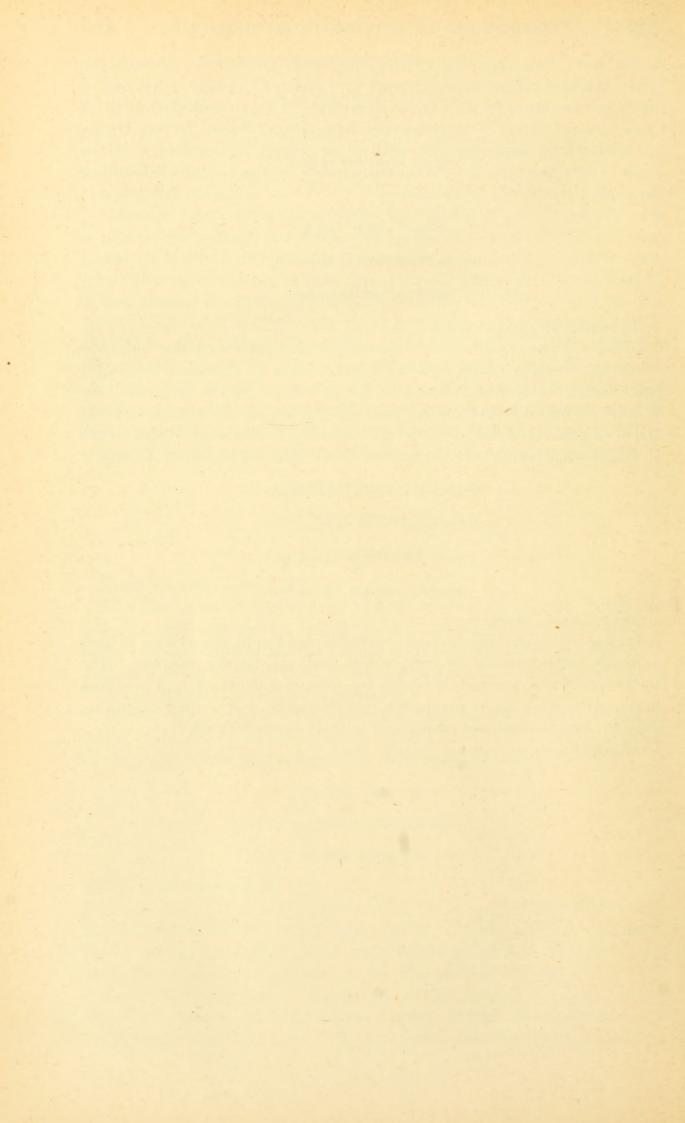
#### Genus SPIRULA Lamarek.

### Spirula peronii Lamarck.

One example, shell.

This is a pelagic species and its shells are found, sometimes in vast numbers, after storms or high winds, cast up on the beaches. The shells which are internal, are quite common in collections, and are often sold and used for fancy shellwork, but complete and perfect examples, animal, shell and all, are rarely met with in the museums.

WASHINGTON, D. C., November 15, 1893.





True, Frederick W. 1894. "On the relationships of Taylor's mouse. Sitomys taylori." *Proceedings of the United States National Museum* 16, 757–758.

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