XXXVI.—Description of a new Bat from North Borneo. By OldField Thomas.

Hipposiderus sabanus, sp. n.

Size small. Head short and blunt. Nose-leaf exceedingly reduced, smaller than in any described species, the horseshoe covering scarcely a third of the top of the muzzle. Front surface of posterior transverse leaf not divided by vertical bands; horseshoe narrowing forwards, the middle of its anterior edge sharply notched; no secondary leaflets present. A small transverse frontal gland (in female). Ears rather small, their tips evenly rounded, the anterior margin straight or faintly concave above, the posterior convex throughout. Wings from the metatarsus; tip of tail projecting about 3 millim. Colour (in spirit) uniform dull brownish above and below.

No minute upper premolar present; the large premolar pressed close against the back of the canine; the tips of these two teeth only 0.8 millim. distant from each other.

Dimensions of the type (an adult female in spirit) :---

Forearm 38 millim.

Head and body 43; tail 26; head 16.6; nose-leaf 5×3.7 ; ear 15; lower leg 17; calcar 7.

Hab. Lawas, N. Borneo. Coll. A. H. Everett.

This peculiar little species differs strikingly from every known *Hipposiderus* by the extreme reduction of its noseleaf, while in the absence of its anterior upper premolar it is alone resembled by the African *H. megalotis*.

XXXVII.—Description of a new Echimys from the Neighbourhood of Bogota. By OLDFIELD THOMAS.

In two previous communications to the 'Annals' * I have, in default of really typical specimens, accepted an *Echimys* from the neighbourhood of Bogota as representing Tomes's *E. semispinosus*, described from Ecuador †. Now, however, among some specimens recently presented to the Museum by the Zoological Society, at whose rooms they had been lying over-

* Ann. & Mag. Nat. Hist. (6) xviii. p. 312 (1896), xx. p. 551 (1897).

† P. Z. S. 1860, p. 265.



Thomas, Oldfield. 1898. "XXXVI.—Description of a new bat from North Borneo." *The Annals and magazine of natural history; zoology, botany, and geology* 1, 243–243. <u>https://doi.org/10.1080/00222939808677959</u>.

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