## AGROMYZA FALLÉN, 1810 (INSECTA, DIPTERA): PROPOSED VALIDATION OF AGROMYZA REPTANS FALLÉN, 1823 AS TYPE SPECIES. Z.N.(S.)2395

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The genus Agromyza was originally described by Fallén (1810, p. 21) but without named species. Fallén (1823, pp. 1–7) re-described Agromyza, now with 13 species and one variety. The first species, A. reptans, was divided into Var. b., Var. c. (host plant recorded as Urtica dioica) and Var. d. ambigua. The second species was A. aeneo-ventris (sic). Of the other species, most are not in the genus Agromyza as currently accepted by all specialists and are not relevant to the present submission.

2. The first type designation for Agromyza was nigripes Meigen, 1830 (by Westwood, 1840, p. 151). This designation, however, is invalid, as nigripes was not originally included by Fallén, 1823.

3. Rondani (1856, p. 121) designated the second of Fallén's species as 'Spec: Typ: Agromyza Aeneiventris Fall.' Examination of the unique type of A. aeneoventris in the Naturhistoriske Riksmuseet, Stockholm by Spencer, 1965, confirmed that this is in another large, economically important genus Melanagromyza, described by Hendel (1920, p. 114) and selected by him (as aeneiventris) as type species. Hendel's work has been accepted by all later specialists and his type designation has not been disputed.

4. It would clearly be highly undesirable at this stage to revert to Rondani's (1856) designation of *aeneiventris* as type species of *Agromyza*. This would necessitate transferring the hundreds of species now known in *Melanagromyza* to *Agromyza* and a new generic name would be needed to replace *Agromyza*, itself a large, economically important genus of worldwide distribution.

5. By usage since Hendel's (1920) designation of Agromyza aeneoventris as type of Melanagromyza, Rondani's (1856) designation of this species as type of Agromyza has been effectively discarded. However it is important that these conflicting designations should be formally clarified by the setting aside of aeneoventris as type of Agromyza.

6. Rondani (1875, p. 168), without commenting on his earlier designation, now designated as type of Agromyza 'Sp. typ. A. reptans Fall.'. This designation was accepted by Hendel (1920, p. 114; 1931, p. 93) in his two major revisionary works on Palaearctic Agromyzidae and is now accepted by all specialists on the family. A. reptans was also treated as type species of Agromyza in the three Diptera Catalogues of the Nearctic Region (Frick, 1965), the Oriental Region (Sasakawa, 1977) and the Afrotropical Region (Cogan, 1980) but with the qualification that suspension of the rules of the Code is required to set aside the designation of Agromyza

aeneoventris. A lectotype of Agromyza reptans was designated by Nowakowski (1944, p. 188) together with illustrations of the male genitalia.

7. Accordingly, the International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature is requested:

- (1) to use its plenary powers to set aside all designations of type species made for the nominal genus Agromyza Fallén, 1810 prior to that of Agromyza reptans Fallén, 1823 by Rondani, 1875.
- (2) to place on the Official List of Generic Names in Zoology the generic name Agromyza Fallén, 1810 (gender: feminine), type species, by action under the plenary powers in (1) above, Agromyza reptans Fallén, 1823.
- (3) to place on the Official List of Specific Names in Zoology the specific name reptans Fallén, 1823 as published in the binomen Agromyza reptans (specific name of the type species of Agromyza Fallén, 1810).

[Note: Coquillett (1910, p. 504) proposed A. ambigua Fallén, 1823 (described as Var. d. of reptans; see para 1) as type of Agromyza, making the erroneous assumption that ambigua was synonymous with nigripes, thus following Westwood, 1840 (see para. 2). The true identity of ambigua was established by Spencer (1965, p. 10) and this was found to represent the senior synonym of the species previously known as niveipennis Zetterstedt (1848). Frick (1952) in an important Revision of New World Agromyzidae, also followed Westwood, 1840 and accepted nigripes Meigen as type of Agromyza. However, as pointed out in para. 2, nigripes is an invalid designation as a non-included species. It is therefore considered that both Coquillett's and Frick's designations can be ignored.]

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