

ZOSTEROPS TENUIROSTRIS, Gould.

Fig. 1.

Zost. capite, gutture, pectoreque olivaceo-viridibus (hoc colore in his lætiore); dorso, alis, caudæque obscure olivaceo-viridibus; abdomine olivaceo-brunneo; oculis zonâ albâ angustâ circumdatis; rostro pedibusque brunneo-plumbeis.

Long. tot. $5\frac{3}{8}$ unc.; rostri, $\frac{3}{4}$; alæ, $2\frac{1}{2}$; caudæ, 2; tarsi, $\frac{7}{8}$.

Head, throat, and chest yellowish green, which is brightest on the throat and chest; back, wings, and tail dark olive green; under surface olive brown; bill and legs light brown inclining to lead colour; eye surrounded by a narrow zone of white feathers.

The sexes are alike in the colouring of their plumage.

Zosterops tenuirostris, Gould in Proc. of Zool. Soc., Part V., 1837.

Habitat. Australia: locality, banks of the Morumbidgee; and other parts of the interior of New South Wales.

ZOSTEROPS ALBOGULARIS, Gould.

Fig. 2.

Zost. summo capite plumisque auricularibus olivaceo-griseis; dorso et uropygio olivaceo-castaneis; alis caudæque olivaceo-brunneis; oculis zonâ albâ latâ circumdatis, anticæ et infrâ nigro marginatâ; gulâ, abdominis medio, crissoque albis; lateribus castaneis; rostro pedibusque plumbeis.

Long. tot. $5\frac{3}{4}$ unc.; rostri, $\frac{7}{8}$; alæ, 3; caudæ, $2\frac{1}{2}$; tarsi, 1.

Crown of the head and ear-coverts olive grey; back and upper tail-coverts olive strongly tinged with chestnut; wings and tail olive brown; a broad zone of white feathers surrounds each eye, bounded in front and below with black; throat, centre of the abdomen, and under tail-coverts white; flanks chestnut; bill and legs lead colour.

The sexes are alike in the colouring of their plumage.

Zosterops albogularis, Gould in Proc. of Zool. Soc., Part V., 1837.

Remark. This is the largest species of the genus I have yet observed.

Habitat. Australia: locality, banks of the Morumbidgee and the interior of New South Wales.

ZOSTEROPS DORSALIS, Vig. & Horsf.

Fig. 3.

Zost. capite, alis caudæque olivaceis; dorso cinereo; oculis zonâ albâ latâ circumdatis, strigâ ante sub- tusque oculos nigrâ; gulâ, abdominisque medio flavescenti-albidis; abdominis lateribus ferrugineo tinctis; rostro brunneo; pedibus brunneo-plumbeis.

Long. tot. 5 unc.; rostri, $\frac{1}{2}$; alæ, $2\frac{3}{4}$; caudæ, 2; tarsi, $\frac{3}{4}$.

Crown of the head, wings, and tail olive; back greyish olive; eyes surrounded by a zone of white feathers, bounded in front and below with black; throat, centre of the abdomen, and under tail-coverts greyish white with a slight tinge of olive; flanks light chestnut brown; upper mandible dark brown, under mandible lighter; feet brownish lead colour.

The sexes are alike in the colouring of their plumage.

SYN. *Sylvia annulosa*, var. β ., Swains. Zool. Ill., 1st Ser., pl. 16.

Zosterops dorsalis, Vig. and Horsf. in Linn. Trans., vol. xv. p. 235.

Habitat. Australia: locality, New South Wales, where it is very common.



2



3

1. *Zosterops tenuirostris*.

2. *albogularis*.

3. *dorsalis*.



Gould, John and Gould, Elizabeth. 1837. "Zosterops tenuirostris, Gould." *A synopsis of the birds of Australia, and the adjacent islands* (1), –.

<https://doi.org/10.5962/p.363599>.

View This Item Online: <https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/172464>

DOI: <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.363599>

Permalink: <https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/363599>

Holding Institution

Museums Victoria

Sponsored by

Atlas of Living Australia

Copyright & Reuse

Copyright Status: NOT_IN_COPYRIGHT

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at <https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org>.