



CLINACTERIS PLACENS, *Sclater*.

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### New-Guinea Tree-Creeper.

*Climacteris placens*, Sclater, P. Z. S. 1873, p. 693.

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"THE discovery of a typical species of this Australian genus in New Guinea," writes Dr. Sclater, "is of very great interest. Dr. Schlegel has already recorded the existence of *Sittella* in the same country." In indorsing the opinion of the above-named gentleman, I feel that there is little else for me to say, as each new traveller in the island brings to light some hitherto unsuspected link between the avifaunas of the two countries.

Nothing has been recorded respecting the habits of this Tree-Creeper. The original specimen was obtained by Signor d'Albertis in Atam, near the Arfak mountains.

The following is a transcript of Dr. Sclater's original description :—

"Above mouse-brown; the plumes of the head rufescent, with paler shafts, and narrowly tipped with black; wings black, with a broad basal bar of ochraceous buff traversing the base of the quills; under wing-coverts also ochraceous buff; tips of the quills and the secondaries adjoining the back obscure dusky brown; tail black, tipped with cinereous, the two centre tail-feathers of nearly the same colour as the back; underneath paler, more ashy, the whole belly and vent streaked with black and ochraceous; a patch of feathers under the eye rufous; bill black; feet yellowish; iris black. Total length 5·4 inches, wing 3·2, tail 2·5, tarsus 0·9, hind toe without claw 0·6.

The figures in the Plate are life-size.



Gould, John and Sharpe, Richard Bowdler. 1875. "Climacteris placens, New-Guinea Tree-creeper [Pl. 29]." *The birds of New Guinea and the adjacent Papuan islands : including many new species recently discovered in Australia* 3(I), –. <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.322742>.

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