

PAPILIO ARCESILAUS.

CHARACTER GENERICUS.

Antennæ apicem versus crassiores, sæpius clavato-capitatæ.

*Alæ (sedentis) erectæ sursumque conniventes,
(volatu diurno.)*

Lin. Syst. Nat. p. 744.

CHARACTER SPECIFICUS, &c.

PAPILIO alis falcatis nigris, primoribus fascia transversa fulva maculaque ad apicem nivea.

PAPILIO ARCESILAUS.

Cram. t. 294.

PAPILIO Chorinæus. P. alis integerrimis fuscis, anterioribus falcatis, fascia fulva, posterioribus caudatis.

Fabr. sp. ins. 2. p. 60.

Americam Australem, præcipue Surinamiam incolit Papilio Arcesilaus, cuius veram magnitudinem ostendit tabula.



W. Nodder Del. & Sculp.

ARCESILAUS.

GENERIC CHARACTER.

Antennæ thickening towards the end, and commonly terminating in a clavated tip.

Wings (when at rest) meeting upwards; (flight diurnal.)

SPECIFIC CHARACTER, &c.

Butterfly with falcated black wings, the upper pair marked by a transverse fulvous bar and a white speck near the tip.

Chorinæus.

Fab. sp. ins. 2. p. 60.

Sulz. ins. t. 14. f. 4.

Lin. Syst. Nat. Gmel. p. 2281.

The species represented on the present plate is exhibited in its natural size, and is a native of South-America, particularly of Surinam.



Shaw, George. 1805. "Arcessilaus, Papilio arcessilaus [Pl. 716]." *The Naturalist's Miscellany* 17(CXCIII), <https://doi.org/10.5962/p.311153>.

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