

From Buntingford

July 4th 1858

My dear Gray

I have not answered you until
Aug 21 for I have had little
& much & misery except my
children. And we are all going
immediately from home for some weeks.
With respect to *Dicentra* it is
really pretty to watch the Hummer-
Bee sucking just on one or the
other side of the several flowers; with-
thin kind legs resting on the crest
of the hood formed by the union
of petals they push it to opposite
side of flower, & the straight pointed
is rubbed against their abdomen
& inner side of thighs, which are
white with yellow from the serum

flowers. It is impossible but that the individuals of *Dicentra* must be largely cupred. From *Adonis* here we found with me yet.

In *Fumaria* & *Corydalis* we have another

structure. viz
nectary on one
side & here
the pistil bends
so that the 2
stigmas are
presented in the

gangway to the one nectary; & the

hood slips off easiest in opposite
direction, instead of every ^{earliest} earliest side.
Indeed, in *Corydalis* latera is
not it always off, & the pistil

almost springs off, & the pistil
decidedly springs towards the nectary =
being petal. I have to stand
out of *Fumariaceae*, & I wish the



I knew whether the rule was general; for I must believe the true structure of these flowers is related directly to the visits of Bees.

I suspect for a few minutes the following rule may be generalised (& I sh. much like to know whether it is true)

that when ~~there~~ there is no
nectary is secreted on one point
of circle of corolla, the pistil
if it bends, always bends to
the stigmas, when mature,
to nectary. Thus
lie in the gangway. Thus
in Colchicum where there is a
circle of nectaries, the stigmas are

straight; in a galapago grand-palae
there ^{then is} one rectangle, or ^{the} stigma as an
rectangle bent to the eye
Bee (as I this day saw)
marked one time - extracting
the honey. -

It is very unlikely, but if it is
chance you have by little sketch
of your notions of "natural Selection"
I would see whether it is so.
letter bears my date, I R.
being much obliged. My
ask this, is as follows. Mr:
Wallace who is now exploring New
Guinea, has sent me an
abstract of the same theory, with
various coincident cases in
specimens. And he will send back

May 20

had a wad of my views. He
directed me to forward it to
Lyell. - Lyell who is acquainted
with my notions consulted with
a dozen geologists & so
Huxley, (who read a ~~long~~ sketch
of mine written in 1844) wired
me with much kindness not to
let myself to be quite foisted off
allow them to publish with Wallace's paper
& to publish with Wallace's paper
an abstract of mine; & as the
out my brief thing which I
had written out was off
I sent it and
my letter to you, & ~~marked~~, I
believe, it has just been read,
(though never written, & not fit for
such purpose) before the Linnean
Soc'y; & then in the session, they

I do be glad of the date.
But do we want for it,
as I am sure it was
written in September, October
or November of last year. -

I have trouble you with a
long story on this head; to pay
you up & believe me
Yours very sincerely
C. Darwin. -

P.S
In regard to best position &
nectaries, I ab^t. say the I largely
judge of position of nectary by
seeing where Bees suck; according
to this, the rule holds in all
Leguminosæ, in 36 Ternariaceæ, in
Izgaia - Vide *Hedysarum*, *Dicentra*,
Ocularia, *Rhododendron* - *Aquilegia*.



Darwin, Charles. 1858. "Darwin, Charles July 4, 1858." *Charles Darwin letters to Asa Gray*

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