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SYNONYMIC NOTES (LEPID., PHALÆNIDÆ)

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Through the kindness of Mr. W. H. T. Tams we have received a copy of "Notes on the Synonymy of Some Noctuidæ" published 1926, Encyclopedie Entomologique, Lepidoptera, I, Fasc. 4, pp. 183-185. In this paper Mr. Tams has published notes of great value on the types of some heretofore unplaced or misapplied names. As this paper seems unavailable to most American workers, we think best to call attention to the new synonymy in relation to North American species.

"Agrotis" anteposita Gn.

1852, Guenée, Spec. Gén., V, Noct., I, 278, Agrotis.

Mr. Tams remarks that the Paris Museum type is a fragment of the thorax bearing two wings on one side. He states it is certainly not *Feltia annexa* Treit., and thinks it may be "Lycophotia" messium Gn.

As the species was described from two specimens, one of which was in the Boisduval collection, the second type may possibly be in existence and may be in condition to allow positive determination.

HADENA¹ LUTRA Gn.

1852, Guenée, Spec. Gén., VI, Noct., II, 94, Hadena. 1906, Hampson, Cat. Lep. Phal. B. M., VI, 333, sepultrix, Eumichtis.

¹ Hadena Schr., type Phalæna cucubali D. and S. Much has been written regarding Hadena and its type. Duponchel, 1829, Lep. Fr., VII, (2), 71, cited genistæ, but this is not an included name. Curtis, 1830, Brit. Ent., I, 308, cited capsinicola also a non-included name. Boisduval, 1836, Sp. Gen., I, 135, cited dentina and on page 144 cited satura, both non-included names. Westwood, 1840, Gen. Syn., page 95, cited plebeia, a non-included name. Guenee, 1852, Sp. Gen., VI, 81, cited w-latinum presumably for synonym genistæfolowing Duponchel, but neither name included in Schrank's generic description. Grote, 1874, Bull. Buff. Soc., II, 14, did not designate a type, but in 1895, Ent. Rec., VI, pages 78 and 284, cited cucubali, which he also cited in several subsequent papers. Hampson, 1894, Fauna Brit. Ind., Moths, II, 198, designated type cucubali, the first designation of an included name which we have been able to find. Hampson, 1903, Cat. Lep. Phal., IV, 4, cites type reticulata presumably for synonym typica Auct. and Hbn. nec L., and repeats the citation 1905, l. c., V, 208. Warren, in Seitz, III, 79, follows Hampson.

Fortunately the prior designation of cucubali eliminates the nomenclatorial question if typica Auct., a probable misdetermination,

1926, Tams, Encyc. Ent., Lepid., I, (4), 184, (= glaucopis), Polia. # brassica Auct. nec L.

1873, Grote, Bull. Buff. Soc. Nat. Sci., I, 104, Mamestra. lubens Grt.

1875, Grote, Trans. Am. Ent. Soc., V, 113, Mamestra. rufula Morr.

1875, Morrison, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila., p. 62, Mamestra. race glaucopis Hamp.

1905, Hampson, Cat. Lep. Phal. B. M., V, 106, pl. LXXXI, 6, Polia.

We know of no good character to sort glaucopis, which is only western lubens, from typical lubens. Western specimens are often darker in color than some eastern specimens, but the character does not hold for any series.

Mr. Tams reports *lutra* as being from North America instead of from New Holland. In view of the early date of the Guenée name, the comparative rarity of *glaucopis* in collections, the fact that we cannot tell glaucopis from lubens with any certainty save from locality labels, coupled with the fact that two other supposedly New Holland species described by Guenée from Paris Museum material turn out to be from eastern North America, leads us to think that lutra is, in all probability, based on an example of eastern lubens lubens rather than lubens glaucopis.

MYTHIMNA 2 MARYX Gn.

1852, Guenée, Spec. Gén., V, Noct., I, 344, Ceramica. 1905, Hampson, Cat. Lep. Phal. B. M., V, 610, unrecog., Ceramica.

could possibly become a genotype, to say nothing of this resting solely on the strength of the citation of reticulata which is a non-included name.

McDunnough, 1916, Ent. News, XXVII, 395, follows Grote, but does not use the name for North American species for taxonomic reasons.

In all probability lutra (lubens) is not strictly congeneric with cucubali, but quite a number of the species assigned to "Polia" by Hampson and McDunnough do seem to belong, so that we simply substitute Hadena for "Polia," following Hampson's taxonomy, until some logical division of "Polia" is proposed. In reality Polia is a Tentamen genus of Cucullinæ, instead of belonging in the Hadeninæ.

in the Hadeninæ.

2 Mythimna Ochs., type Phalæna albipuncta D. and S. We cannot agree with Dr. McDunnough's citation of oxalina as type based on a "restriction" method of fixation (1916, Ent. News, XXVII, 395). By this method the type would appear to be acetosellæ D. and S., that name as well as oxalina being listed by Hubner (Verz.), and designated by Grote, 1874, Bull. Buff. Soc., II, 24. We have found no designation of oxalina prior to 1903, Hampson, Cat. Lep. Phal., IV, 602. Hampson cited oxalina following his "first species" rule, and in this is followed by Warren, in Seitz, III, 61. Westwood, 1840, Gen. Syn., page 94, cited turca, but this was ultra vires in view of the fact that Duponchel, Lep. Fr., VII, (2), 71, had designated type albipuncta. Guenée, 1852, Spec. Gen., V, Noct., I, cited imbecilla = disparilis. Barnes and Benjamin, 1926, Ent. News, XXXVII, 79, cited type albipuncta following Duponchel.

1926, Tams, Encyc. Ent., Lep., I, (4), 184, (=rubefacta), Sideridis. rubefacta Morr.

1874, Morrison, Can. Ent., VI, 249, Ceramica.

‡ vindemialis Grt. (nec Gn.).

1875, Grote, Proc. Acad. Nat. Sci. Phila., 418, Mamestra.

1880, Grote, Can. Ent., XII, 185, (partim.), Mamestra.

1881, Grote, Can. Ent., XIII, 124, (partim.), Mamestra.

1905, Hampson, Cat. Lep. Phal. B. M., V, 442, rubefacta, Sideridis.

Grote, 1875, described *vindemialis* n. sp., 1880 and 1881. Grote credits authorship to Guenée. We cannot state if the 1875 n. sp. is an accident, or if Grote had previously determined a Thaxter specimen as the Guenée species and later forgetting the existence of the Guenée names published as "n. sp." There are two species much alike in superficial appearance but differing structurally.³

PLATYPOLIA 4 ANCEPS Steph.

1850, Stephens, Cat. Lep. B. M., p. 285, Miselia.

1918, Barnes and McDunnough, Contrib., IV, (2), 101, Eurotype. ‡ polymita Auct. nec L.

1829, Stephens, Ill. Brit. Ent., Haust., III, 31, pl. XXVI, 2, Polia. acutissima Grt.

1875, Grote, Check List Noct. Am., p. 23, pl. I, 9, Pachypolia. form aplectoides Gn.

1852, Guenée, Spec. Gen., VI, Noct., II, 83, Hadena.

1926, Tams, Encyc. Ent., Lepid., I, (4), 185, (= medialis), Eurotype. confragosa Morr.

1874, Morrison, Proc. Bost. Soc. Nat. Hist., XVII, 138, Polia. medialis Grt.

1876, Grote, Ann. Lyc. Nat. Hist. N. Y., XI, 306, Polia.

The specific synonymy has been explained by Barnes and McDunnough, 1918, save for the name aplectoides. Mr. Tams states this latter name, based on another "New Holland" type in the Paris Museum, is the same as medialis Grt.

³ We possess a specimen from Florida which agrees well with Hampson's figure of vindemialis Gn. (1905, Cat. Lep. Phal. B. M., V, 445, pl. XCI, f. 2 type). The name has been omitted from the Barnes and McDunnough check list because Hampson stated that the locality, Florida, given by Guenée, was presumably an error and that the species probably came from New Zealand. We tentatively place vindemialis Gn. in Barathra Hbn., type albicolon Sepp cited by Grote, 1895, Abh. Nat. Ver. Bremen, XIV, 71. According to Hampson's taxonomy Barathra will replace Trichoclea. We have had no opportunity to study the European albicolon in relation to North American species.

⁴ See Barnes and Benjamin, 1926, Pan.-Pac. Ent., III, 71, for generic synonymy.

NEW PHALÆNIDÆ (LEPID.)

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Mesembragrotis Barnes and Benjamin, gen. nov. Type Mesembragrotis ruckesi sp. nov.

Proboscis fully developed; palpi upturned, extending about equally with the frontal armature, the second joint scaled and not conspicuously fringed with hair, the third, moderate, porrect; frons with a truncate conical prominence with a flat vertical corneous process at middle like a beak; eyes rounded, naked, unciliated; antennæ of male scarcely serrate, fasciculate, laterally doubly fasciculate from each joint; antennæ of female simple, ciliated; head and thorax clothed with broad serrate scales, with very little hair; prothorax with a slight spreading crest; mesothorax with double tufts; metathorax with a large scale tuft; all tibiæ strongly spined, the fore tibiæ also armed distally with two heavy claws on each side. Fore wing with veins 3 and 5 from close to the angle of the cell, 6 from somewhat below upper angle; 9 from 10, anastomosing with 8 to form the areole; 11 from cell. Hind wing with veins 3, 4 from angle of cell; 5 obsolescent from somewhat below middle of discocellulars; 6, 7 stalked or connate, variable individually.

Presumably allied to Mesembreuxoa Hamps. but differing on palpi, antennæ, vestiture, and probably also on tibial armature.

Mesembragrotis ruckesi Barnes and Benjamin, sp. nov.

Head and thorax mixed black, rufous and ochreous; collar with more or less of a transverse black stripe. Fore wing with ground color grayish ochreous, more or less heavily shaded and powdered by black and appearing quite dark; basal line indicated on costa; t. a. line blackish, waved; claviform long, black outlined; orbicular irregularly ovate, variable in exact shape, black outlined; reniform irregular, whitish, black outlined, with more or less of a dusky crescent which may or may not have a paler center; t. p. line black, produced to points on the veins, bent outward on costa, more or less incurved in discal fold, and more strongly so in submedian fold; s. t. line dentate, outwardly defined by a pale shade; a terminal series of black points. Hind wing white tinged with fuscous especially on veins and toward the termen.

The species has much the appearance of a "Euxoa" of the tessellata group.

Type locality: near Alpine, Texas (O. C. Poling).

Number and sexes of types: Holotype δ , 1-7 September, 1926; allotype $\mathfrak P$, 22-31 August, 1926; δ δ 10 $\mathfrak P$ paratypes, 22-31 August and 1-7 September, 1926.



Barnes, William and Benjamin, Foster Hendrickson. 1927. "Synonymic notes (Lepid., Phalaenidae)." *The Pan-Pacific entomologist* 4, 1–4.

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