Case 3086

Hyalinia villae adamii Westerlund, 1886 (currently Oxychilus adamii; Mollusca, Gastropoda): proposed conservation of the specific name adamii by replacing the syntypes with a neotype

G. Manganelli and F. Giusti

Dipartimento di Biologia Evolutiva, Università di Siena, Via Mattioli 4, I-53100 Siena, Italy (e-mail: manganelli@unisi.it; giustif@unisi.it)

**Abstract.** The purpose of this application is to conserve the current usage and understanding of the name *Oxychilus adamii* (Westerlund, 1886) for an Alpine species of pulmonate gastropod (family ZONITIDAE). The two syntypes of *O. adamii* are specimens of the congeneric, smaller species *O. mortilleti* (Pfeiffer, 1859), also from the Alpine region. It is proposed that the original type material of *O. adamii* be replaced with a neotype which accords with the established interpretation of the species.

**Keywords.** Nomenclature; taxonomy; Gastropoda; pulmonates; ZONITIDAE; Alps; *Oxychilus adamii*.

- 1. Westerlund (1886, p. 48) introduced the nominal taxon *Hyalinia villae adamii* from 'Lombardei b. Esino' with a brief description. The name *adamii* was established for a 'variety' but it was later used as the valid name of a subspecies of *Oxychilus villae* (Pfeiffer, 1857) by Alzona (1971, p. 125), and as the name of a distinct species by Riedel (1980, p. 99; 1998, p. 48), Kerney, Cameron & Jungbluth (1983, p. 171), Turner et al. (1998, p. 275) and Kerney, Cameron & Bertrand (1999, p. 217).
- 2. The original type material consists of two syntypes and is kept in the Westerlund collection (no. 124) at the Naturhistoriska Museet, Göteborg, Sweden. The type locality 'Esino' as reported by Westerlund (1886; para. 1 above) differs from that given on the label accompanying the type material, which reads 'Italia, Edolo'. However, L. Forcart (unpublished) noted that 'Esino' was 'Esine', a small village near Edolo in Val Camonica, not 'Esino Lario', a locality near the Lake of Lecco. We consider that Forcart was correct because G.B. Adami, who sent the material to Westerlund, spent a period in Val Camonica and devoted a paper to the molluscs of this valley (Adami, 1876). In the 1876 paper Adami frequently mentioned 'Esine', though he only collected specimens of *Hyalina cellaria* Müller, 1774 there and not of *H. villae*.
- 3. The syntypes in Göteborg are not conspecific with Oxychilus adamii as interpreted by authors since the name was adopted for a species-group taxon (see paras. 1 and 5), but with the congeneric, smaller and less flat species O. mortilleti (Pfeiffer, 1859), also from the Alpine region (see our paper, Giusti & Manganelli, 1999). This was also ascertained by A. Riedel (Warsaw, Poland) in 1968, as demonstrated by his hand written label accompanying the syntypes. In an unpublished revision the late L. Forcart was responsible for misinterpreting the name

Hyalinia villae adamii, despite the fact that he had examined Westerlund's syntypes. This misinterpretation was later adopted by Riedel (1980), who noted 'Anatomie von Forcart und Riedel untersucht, nicht publiziert' ['Anatomy studied by Forcart and Riedel, not published'], and unknowingly by Kerney, Cameron & Jungbluth (1983). Although we became aware of the misinterpretation in 1984 we preferred to maintain Westerlund's name for the species (see Manganelli, Bodon, Favilli & Giusti, 1995). The two species are placed in distinct subgenera, O. (Mediterranea) adamii and O. (Oxychilus) mortilleti.

- 4. Recognition of the syntypes of Oxychilus adamii (Westerlund, 1886) as specimens of O. mortilleti (Pfeiffer, 1859) results in the specific name adamii becoming a junior subjective synonym of mortilleti and, in the absence of a Commission ruling, a new name would be required for the taxon called adamii in recent decades. In order to conserve the name adamii in the current sense we propose that the type status of the two syntypes should be set aside, and that a neotype be designated in accord with the accepted use of the name. The proposed neotype was collected in Val Seriana, Valle Asnina, at 400–500 metres above sea level (municipality of Cene, province of Bergamo, Italy, UTM References 32T NR 6671) and is in the Museo Zoologico de 'La Specola', Sezione del Museo di Storia Naturale dell'Università di Firenze, Italy, specimen no. MZUF 13735. It was not possible to collect a specimen for neotype selection from the original type locality, the Val Camonica, because this is outside the known range of Oxychilus adamii as currently understood. A complete description and illustrations of O. adamii and of the proposed neotype specimen have been given by us (Giusti & Manganelli, 1999).
- 5. In May 1998 Dr Adolf Riedel (Museum and Institute of Zoology, Polish Academy of Sciences, Warszawa, Poland) wrote (in litt.): 'I strongly support this application, which is in accord with the Code in that it promotes stability in the usage of a name. The name Oxychilus adamii, in the sense of Alzona (1971), Kerney, Cameron & Jungbluth (1983) and myself (Riedel, 1980), should be conserved for the sake of stability. The name was not used during the last years of the 19th century and the first half of the 20th century. In the second half of the 20th century it has been used only in the sense of Forcart, and never in the sense of the original publication by Westerlund (1886)'.
- 6. The International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature is accordingly asked:
  - (1) to use its plenary power to set aside all previous type fixations for the nominal species *Hyalinia adamii* Westerlund, 1886 and to designate as neotype the specimen no. MZUF 13735 in the Museo Zoologico de 'La Specola', Sezione del Museo di Storia Naturale dell'Università di Firenze, Italy;
  - (2) to place on the Official List of Specific Names in Zoology the name *adamii* Westerlund, 1886, as published in the trinomen *Hyalinia villae adamii* and as defined by the neotype designated in (1) above.

## References

Adami, G.B. 1876. Molluschi terrestri e fluviatili viventi nella valle dell'Oglio ossia nelle valli Camonica, di Scalve e di Borlezza, spettanti alle provincie di Brescia e Bergamo. Atti della Società Veneto-Trentina di Scienze Naturali Residente in Padova, 5(1): 7–95.

Alzona, C. 1971. Malacofauna Italica. Catalogo e bibliografia dei molluschi viventi, terrestri e d'acqua dolce. Atti della Società Italiana di Scienze Naturali e Museo Civico di Storia Naturale di Milano, 111: 1–433.

Forcart, L. Unpublished [a preliminary draft, probably dating from the early 1960s]. Subgenus Oxychilus s. str. Anatomisch untersuchte Arten: Oxychilus (Oxychilus) cellarius (Müller), mortilleti (Pfeiffer), adamii (Westerlund), rumelicus (Hesse), alleryi (Paulucci), draparnaldi (Beck) und hydatinus (Rossmässler). [17 pp.].

Giusti, F. & Manganelli, G. 1999. Redescription of two problematic Alpine Oxychilus: O. adamii (Westerlund, 1886) and O. polygyra Pollonera, 1885 (Pulmonata, Zonitidae).

Basteria, 63: 27-60.

Kerney, M., Cameron, R. & Bertrand, A. 1999. Guide des escargots et limaces d'Europe. 370 pp., 28 pls. Delachaux & Niestle, Lausanne.

Kerney, M.P., Cameron, R.A.D. & Jungbluth, J.H. 1983. Die Landschnecken Nord- und

Mitteleuropas. 384 pp., 24 pls. Parey, Hamburg.

Manganelli, G., Bodon, M., Favilli, L. & Giusti, F. 1995. Gastropoda Pulmonata. *In Minelli*, A.S., Ruffo, S. & La Posta, S. (Eds.), *Checklist della specie della fauna d'Italia*, part 16. 60 pp. Calderini, Bologna.

Riedel, A. 1980. Genera Zonitidarum. Diagnosen supraspezifischer Taxa der Familie Zonitidae

(Gastropoda, Stylommatophora). 197 pp. Backhuys, Rotterdam.

Riedel, A. 1998. Genera Zonitidarum — addenda et corrigenda (Gastropoda, Stylommatophora). 91 pp. Polska Akademia Nauk Muzeum i Instytut Zoologii, Warsaw.

Turner, H., Kuiper, J.G.J., Thew, N., Bernasconi, R., Rüetschi, J., Wüthrich, M. & Gosteli, M. 1998. Atlas der Mollusken der Schweiz und Liechtensteins. *In: Fauna Helvetica*, vol. 2. 527 pp. Centre suisse de Cartographie de la Faune, Schweizerische Entomologische Gesellschaft, Eidg. Forschungsanstalt für Wald, Schnee und Landschaft, Neuchâtel.

Westerlund, C.A. 1886. Fauna der in der paläarktischen Region (Europa, Kaukasien, Sibirien, Turan, Persien, Kurdistan, Armenien, Mesopotamien, Kleinasien, Syrien, Arabien, Egypten, Tripolis, Tunesien, Algerien und Marocco) lebenden Binnenconchylien, part 1 (Fam. Testacellidae, Glandinidae, Vitrinidae & Leucochroidae). Pp. 1–88. Lund.

Comments on this case are invited for publication (subject to editing) in the *Bulletin*; they should be sent to the Executive Secretary, I.C.Z.N., c/o The Natural History Museum, Cromwell Road, London SW7 5BD, U.K. (e-mail: iczn@nhm.ac.uk).



Manganelli, G and Giusti, Folco. 2000. "Hyalinia Villae Adamii Westerlund, 1886 (Currently Oxychilus Adamii; Mollusca, Gastropoda): Proposed Conservation Of The Specific Name Adamii By Replacing The Syntypes With A Neotype." *The Bulletin of zoological nomenclature* 57, 14–16. <a href="https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.part.20660">https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.part.20660</a>.

View This Item Online: <a href="https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/45022">https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/45022</a>

**DOI:** https://doi.org/10.5962/bhl.part.20660

Permalink: <a href="https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/20660">https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/20660</a>

## **Holding Institution**

Natural History Museum Library, London

## Sponsored by

Natural History Museum Library, London

## **Copyright & Reuse**

Copyright Status: In copyright. Digitized with the permission of the rights holder.

Rights Holder: International Commission on Zoological Nomenclature

License: <a href="http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/">http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/</a>

Rights: <a href="https://biodiversitylibrary.org/permissions">https://biodiversitylibrary.org/permissions</a>

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org.