

T a u s c h - C a t a l o g
der deutschen malakozoologischen Gesellschaft.

Fm. = Finmarken; DB. = Dogger Bank, Oceanus germanicus; Mr. = Mauritius;

** sehr schön oder sehr selten; * schön oder selten; † mittelmässig gut;

†† alt, gering, oder etwas beschädigt; sf. = subfossil.

(Die Preise in Reichsmark per Stück, zahlbar in Frankfurt a. M.)

| | | Mk. | | Mk. |
|-------------------------------|-------------------|-----------|----------------------------------|----------------|
| | <i>Neptunea</i> | | | |
| *despecta, L. in var. | Fm. | 1—3 | †senticosus L. | 0,60 |
| **norvegica, Chmn. | D.B. | 20—30 | textilinus, Mörch Antillae | 0,50 |
| **Turtoni, Bean. elongata , | | 10—20 | Nassa | |
| do. " | Fm. | 5—9 | ambigua, Montg. S. Thomas | 0,30 |
| | <i>Sipho</i> | | antillarum, Phil. Ant. | 0,25 |
| **islandicus, Chm. | Fm. | 10—20 | arcularia L. Pacific | 0,50-60 |
| | <i>Pleurotoma</i> | | compta, A. Adams Mr. | 0,50-60 |
| *abbreviata, Rve. | Mr. | 0,70 | concinna, Powis & var. " | 0,40-50 |
| albocostata, Sow. | Mr. | 0,50 | coronata, Brug. Oce. ind. | 0,40 |
| †albovirgulata, Souv. | " | 0,80 | festiva, Powis Japan | 0,25-40 |
| *babylonica, L., Molucken | | 1,20-2,40 | gaudiosa, Hinds Oc. ind. | 0,25 |
| echinata, Lm. | Mr. | 0,65 | Kraussii, Phil. Panama | 0,50 |
| †scalata, Sow. | " | 0,60 | miga, Adanson Mr. | 0,30 |
| †spectabilis, Rve. | " | 0,60 | olivacea & var. " | 0,50 |
| | <i>Drillia</i> | | papillosa, L. " | 0,60-1 |
| ††albomaculata, D'Orb. Ant. | | 0,10 | picta, Dkr. " | 0,50 |
| Barklyensis, H. Ad. | Mr. | 0,50 | plicata, Gml. M. rubr. | 0,35 |
| bijubata, Rv. & v. fusca " | | 0,50 | pulchella, A. Ad. Mr. | 0,50 |
| ††cancellata, Gray Ant. | | 0,10 | pullus, L. & var. Oc. ind. | 0,25-35 |
| cincta, Lm. & v. fusca | Mr. | 0,40 | punctata, A. Ad. Mr. | 0,40 |
| ††ornata, D'Orb. Antillae | | 0,10 | sertula, do. " | 0,35 |
| zebra, Kien. | Mr. | 0,35 | suturalis, Lm. " | 0,45 |
| diverse unbenannte | à | 0,40 | Thersites, Brug. & var. Philipp. | 0,30-40 |
| Persona anus, L. Ocea. ind. | | 0,80-1,20 | tortuosa? Robill. Mr. | 0,40 |
| | <i>Buccinum</i> | | | <i>Purpura</i> |
| finmarkianum, Verkr. typus | | | fiscella, Lm. Mr. | 0,50-75 |
| unicolor Fm. | | 1-1,50 | " var. picta " | 0,60 |
| " var. perdix, Beck. | " | 2—9 | haemastoma, L. Oc. Atl. | 0,30-60 |
| fragile, Verkr. | " | 1—3 | hippocastanum, L. Oc. ind. | 0,30-50 |
| ?ciliatum, Fabr. Nfdld. Bk. | | 1—2 | patula, L. Ant. | 0,35-60 |
| **Buccinopsis Dalei, Sow. DB. | | 50 u. 80 | serta, Brug. (Jopas) M. rubr. | 0,30-50 |
| | <i>Phos</i> | 0,60 | †squamosa, Lm. Algoa Bai | 0,25 |
| roseatus, Hinds | Mr. | | squamulosa, Dsh. Mr. | 0,75 |

| | | Mk. | | | | Mk. |
|----------------------------|----------------------|---------|--------------------------------|-----------------------|---------|------|
| undata, Lm. | Antillae | 0,25-50 | utriculus, ?Lm. | Pacific | 1 | |
| vexilla, Lm. | Mr. | 0,60 | venulata, Lm. | Ant. | 0,25 | |
| | <i>Ricinula</i> | | | <i>Olivella</i> | | |
| albolabris, Blvl. | Oc. ind. | 0,50 | columellaris, Sow. | Panama | 0,10 | |
| carolina, ?Robl. | Mr. | 0,80-1 | mutica, Say | Antillae | 0,15 | |
| horrida, Lm. minor | Oc. ind. | 0,20-40 | nivea, Gmel. | " | 0,10-15 | |
| " major | " | 0,60 | " var. pieta | " | 0,25 | |
| " cum operculo | plus | 0,15 | oryza, Lam. | " | 0,5 | |
| lobata, Blvl. | Mr. | 0,50 | ozodona, Ducl. | Mr. | 0,25 | |
| recurva, Rve. | " | 0,75 | panniculata, Ducl. | Ind. oc. | 0,25 | |
| Rapana coronata, Lm. | " | 0,50 | volutella, Lm. | Panama | 0,10 | |
| Rapa papyracea, Lm. | " | 2 | Dipsacus glabratus, L.Oc. ind. | 0,70-1 | | |
| | <i>Coralliophila</i> | | | Latirus nodosus, Rob. | Mr. | 0,70 |
| ? costularis, Blnv. | Mr. | 0,60-80 | | <i>Columbella</i> | | |
| madreporarum, Sow. | " | 0,40-80 | turturina, Lm. | Mr. | 0,25 | |
| | <i>Oliva</i> | | | mercatoria, L. | Ant. | 0,10 |
| aperta, Robil. | Madagasc. | 0,50 | mendicaria, L. | Oc. ind. | 0,15 | |
| " v. arabica | Arabia | 0,60 | nitida, Lm. | Ant. | 0,10 | |
| carneola, Gmel. | Philipp. | 0,25-30 | rustica, L. | Africa | 0,20 | |
| elegans, Lm. | Ind. ori. | 0,25-40 | | <i>Cassis</i> | | |
| episcopalis, Lm. & v. min. | Mr | 0,25-50 | bezoar, Robld. | Mdagser. | 0,75 | |
| erythrostoma, Lm. | Oc. ind. | 0,40-60 | canaliculata, Lm. | " | 0,75 | |
| " v. ponderosa | " | 0,50-80 | *cornuta, L. | " | 2,50 | |
| " v. maura | " | 0,50-80 | erinacea, L. | Mr. | 0,50-60 | |
| funebralis, Lm. | " | 0,25-40 | ? flammea, L. | Occ. ind. | 0,50-75 | |
| fusiformis, Lm. | " | 0,50 | glauca, L. | Philipp. | 2 | |
| guttata, Lm. | Australien | 0,35-50 | granulosa, Brug. | M. med. | 0,70 | |
| inflata, Lm. | Oc. ind. | 0,40-50 | ? madagascariens., L. | Mdgsc. | 2 | |
| irisans Lm. | Mr. | 0,40-50 | saburon, L. | Occ. atlant. | 0,70 | |
| ispidula, L. in 10 var. | Oc. ind. | 0,10-20 | testiculus, L. | Ind. occid. | 0,40-1 | |
| ponderosa, Ducl. & var. | Mr. | 0,60-80 | *torquata, Rve. | Mr. | 1—2 | |
| porphyria, L. | Pacific | 1-2,50 | undata, Mart. | " | 0,40-60 | |
| reticularis, L. | Ind. occ. | 0,10-25 | Coriocella nigra, Blvl. | " | 0,45 | |
| " v. candida | " | 0,25 | | <i>Natica</i> | | |
| sanguinolenta, L. | Oc. ind. | 0,40-80 | aurantia, L. | Occ. ind. | 0,90 | |
| sepulturalis, Lm. | Moluc. | 0,30-50 | canrena, L. | Ind. occ. | 0,30-90 | |
| tessellata, | Philipp. | 0,25-30 | cernica, Jousseaume, | Mr. | 0,60-80 | |
| tremulina, Lm. & v. fusca | Mr. | 0,80-1 | — v. violacea, | " | 0,50 | |
| tricolor, | Oc. ind. | 0,25-40 | chrysostoma ? Gml. | Sulu-I. | 0,20-40 | |

| | | Mk. | | | Mk. |
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| fluctuata, Sow. | Philipp. | 1,20 | arabicula, Lm. | Pacific | 0,35 |
| fuscata, Recl. | Panam. | 0,50 | arenosa, Gray. | " | 1-1,25 |
| gualteriana, " | Mr. | 0,50 | argus, L. | M. ind. | 1-1,50 |
| lineata, Lam. | Philipp. | 0,50-60 | asellus, L. | " | 0,10-20 |
| lurida, Phil. | Mr. | 0,30-50 | camelopardalis Perry. | M. rub. | 0,60-1 |
| mamilla, L. | Occ. ind. | 0,15-50 | caput serpentis, Lm. | M. ind. | 0,10-20 |
| Manceli, Jousseaume, | Mr | 0,80-1 | carneola, L. | " | 0,20-40 |
| melanostoma Gml. | Oc. i. | 0,20, | caurica, L. | " | 0,15-30 |
| — var. flava (^{maura} Brug.) | Mr. | 0,50-60 | cernica, Sow. | Mr. | 0,50-1 |
| — cum operc., omnes plus | | 0,10 | cervus, L. | M. ind. | 0,60-1 |
| Priamus, Recl. | Mr. | 0,50, | clandestina, L. | " | 0,10-15 |
| pyriformis, " | | 0,60 | — var. grandis. | " | 0,35 |
| simiae, Chm., | " | 0,50-60 | cribraria, L. | Oc. ind. | 0,50-80 |
| violacea, Sow. | " | 1,20 | cribellum, Gask. | Mr. | 0,40-50 |
| Sigaretus cymba, Mke. | Chili | 1,50 | cruentata, Gml | " | 0,30-40 |
| Narica cancellata, Chm. | Mr. | 1 | — v. rosea, " | " | 0,40-50 |
| Neritopsis radula, L. | " | 1,20 | cylindrica, Born. | Philipp. | 0,90 |
| <i>Terebra</i> | | | eburnea, " | " | 0,60-1,50 |
| †aciculata, Lam. | Antilles | 0,10 | erosa, L. & vars. | M. ind. | 0,15-40 |
| affinis, Gray. | Pacific | 0,45 | — v. grisea. | " | 0,50 |
| babylonica, Lm. | " & Mr. | 0,40-60 | *— v. aurea. | " | 1 |
| caeruleescens, " | " | 0,40-50 | errones, L. | Oc. ind. | 0,10-30 |
| cinerea, Born. | Oc. ind. &c. | 0,30 | *esontropia, Ducl. | Mr. | 1,80 |
| cingulifera, Lm. | " | 0,40-80 | exanthema, L. | Ind. oec. | 0,60-1 |
| Lamarckii, Kien. | " | 0,35 | felina, Gml. | M. rub. | 0,25-35 |
| *lanceata, Gml. | Mr. | 1,50-2 | fimbriata, " | " | 0,20-30 |
| maculata, L. | Occ. ind. | 0,50-1 | helvola, L. | M. ind. | 0,10-20 |
| muscaria, Lm. | Pacific | 1 | *— var. rubra. | Mr. | 0,30-40 |
| subulata L. | " | 0,50-1 | hirundo, L. & var. | Oc. ind. | 0,10 |
| <i>Eulima</i> | | | — var. maxima. | Mr. | 0,20 |
| ? acuta, Sow. | Mr. | 0,50 | histrio, Gml. | Oc. ind. | 0,40-1 |
| flexuosa, A. Adms. | " | 0,55 | irrorata, Sol. | Pacific | 0,80 |
| hastata, Sow. | " | 0,60 | Isabella, L. | Oc. ind. | 0,15-40 |
| major, Sow. | " | 0,60 | Lamarckii, Gray. | Philipp. | 0,50 |
| Rostell. curvirostris L. | M. rub. | 1-2 | lentiginosa, " | Oc. ind. | 0,15-30 |
| <i>Cypraea</i> | | | limacina, Lam. | " | 0,45 |
| amacula, Adms. | Ceylon | 0,35 | Listeri, Rve. | Philipp. | 1 |
| annulus, L. | M. ind. | 0,10 | lurida, L. | Oc. atlan. | 0,15-30 |
| arabica, L. | " | 0,15-25 | lynx, L. | Oc. ind. | 0,10-25 |

| | | Mk. | | | Mk. |
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| mappa, L. | Oc. ind. | 1-3 | europaea, Mft. | Europa | 0,10 |
| mauritiana, L. | " | 0,60-1,20 | globulus L. | Oc. ind. | 0,50 |
| *Menkeana, Desh. | Mr. | 1 | *Liénardi, Jouss. | Mr. | 0,60-80 |
| microdon, Gray. | Philipp. | 0,30 | nucleus, L. | " | 0,20-40 |
| moneta, L. & var. | Oc. ind. | 0,5-15 | " v. alba | " | 0,50 |
| *neglecta, Sow. | Mr. | 0,50 | oryza Lm. | " | 0,10 |
| obvallata, Lm. | Oc. ind. | 0,30 | " var. minor. | Viti-Ins. | 0,15 |
| ocellata, L. | " | 0,30 | pediculus, L. | Ind. occ. | 0,10 |
| onyx, L. | M. asiat. | 1 | pustulata, Solan. | Panama | 0,30-60 |
| — v. carnicolor. | " | 1,20 | quadripunctata, Gray | Ind.oce. | 0,10-20 |
| *Oweni, Gray. | Mr. | 1,20 | Solandri, Gray | Calif. | 0,20-30 |
| pantherina, Sol. | M. ind. | 0,40-80 | staphylea, L. | Oc. ind. | 0,25 |
| poraria, L. | " | 0,10-20 | " v. levis & v. grisea | " | 0,30 |
| punctulata, Gray. | Panama | 0,40-50 | " v. fusca major | " | 0,35 |
| reticulata, Martyn. | Pacific | 0,80-1 | suffusa, Gray | Ant. | 0,10 |
| **Scottii, Brod. | " | 15 | *tricornis, Jouss. | Mr. | 0,65 |
| scurrula, Chm. | Oc. ind. | 0,50-1,50 | **tricornis, v. pellucida | " | 1 |
| semiplota, Migh. | Sandw.-I. | 0,50 | <i>Ovula</i> | | |
| spurca, L. | M. med. | 0,20-40 | Margaritulae, Sow. | Mexico | 0,15-20 |
| stercoraria, L. | Afrika | 0,40-80 | ovum, L. | Occ. ind. | 0,50-1 |
| *stolida, L. | Mr. | 0,80-1,30 | Calpurnus verrucosus, L. | " | 0,80 |
| tabescens, Soland | Occ. ind. | 0,20-40 | Cyphoma gibbosa | Ind. occ. | 0,15-25 |
| talpa, L. | " | 0,40-60 | Cancellaria scalata, Sw.O.ind. | | 0,80 |
| testudinaria, L. | " | 2-4 | " costifera, Sow. | Mr. | 1,20 |
| tigris, L. | " | 0,40-80 | " " | " | 0,70 |
| " var. grisea | " | 1,20 | <i>Cerithium</i> | | |
| turdus Lm. | " | 0,15-30 | alternatum, Phl. | Mr. | 0,60 |
| undata " | " | 0,20-40 | aluco, L. | Pacific | 0,45 |
| ursellus, Gmel. | " | 0,20-30 | asper, L. | " | 0,20-30 |
| variolaria, Lm. | " | 0,15-30 | atratum, Born | Ant. | 0,20 |
| ventricula, Lm. | Austral. | 0,70-1 | Caillaudi, Pott. | M. rub. | 0,20 |
| vitellus L. | Oc. ind. | 0,25-50 | cedo nulli, Sow. | Mr. | 0,60 |
| ziczac, L. | " | 0,10-20 | columna, Sow. | M. rubr. | 0,40 |
| <i>Trivia</i> | | | " v. flava | Mr. | 0,30-40 |
| annulata, Gray | Pacific | 0,80-1 | decollatum, L. | Oc. ind. | 0,25-35 |
| australis, Lm. | N. Holland | 0,50 | echinatum, Lm. | Mr. | 0,50 |
| californica, Gray | California | 0,10-15 | eriense, Val. | Ant. | 0,5 |
| Childreni, Gray | Maurit. | 0,40-80 | fluvatile, Pot. | Occ. ind. | 0,35 |
| cicercula, L. | Occ. ind. | 0,30-50 | fuscatum, Costa | M. rubr. | 0,20 |

| | | Mk. | | | Mk. |
|--------------------------------|-----------|---------|---------------------------------|---------|-----|
| gallopaginis ? | Ceylon | 0,35 | <i>Helix</i> | | |
| gibberulum, C. B. | Ad. Ant. | 0,5 | Adans., Wbb. Paso alto Tener. | 1 | |
| Kochii, Phil. | M. rubr. | 0,25 | Berlieri, Mar. Algerica | 0,80 | |
| litteratum, Brug. | Ant. | 0,20 | calcidica, Mouss. Euboea | 0,35 | |
| moluccanum, Gmel. | Phil. | 0,50 | carsoleana, Fér. Italia | 0,30 | |
| moniliferum, Kien. | Austr. | 0,30 | Codringtoni, Gray & v. Grecia | 2 | |
| multiformis, Lischke | Japan | 0,40 | frondul., MSS. (Hyal.) Euboea | 1 | |
| obeliscus, Brug. | Oc. ind. | 0,40 | gregaria, Zieg. Sicilia | 0,45 | |
| „ v. maximus | Mr. | 0,50-60 | lenticula, Fér. Chalcis | 0,20 | |
| palustre, L. | M. ind. | 1 | lucorum, Müll. v. Cnstantinopl. | 0,80 | |
| petrorsum, Wood | Pacific | 0,45 | lens, Fér. Euboea | 0,40 | |
| procerum, klein & var. | Oc. ind. | 0,50 | „ v. lentiform., Zgl. „ & Zanté | 0,50 | |
| ? pulchellum, Rob. | S. Africa | 0,50 | modesta, Fér. Barr. S. Tener. | 0,80 | |
| Rüppellii, Phil. | M. rub. | 0,25 | musicula Brg. (crenoph. Pfr.) | 0,30 | |
| septemstriatum, Say | Ant. | 0,15 | Olivieri, Fér. Euboea | 0,40 | |
| striatissimum, Sow. | , | 0,25 | Orsinii, Porr. Italia | 0,50 | |
| tuberculatum, Lm. | M. rub. | 0,40 | pellita, Fér. Rhodus | 1 | |
| varicosum, Sow. | Panama | 0,40 | Rothi, Pfr. Syra | 0,80 | |
| vertagus, L. | Moluck. | 0,20-30 | rugosiuscula Mich. Marsolan. | 0,50-80 | |
| vulgatum, L. | M. med. | 0,20-30 | rusicadens. Letour. n. sp. Alg. | 1 | |
| Cerithidea ambigua, Ad. | Jam. | 0,15 | sphæriostoma Bourg. Grecia | 0,45 | |
| Litorina pintato, Wd.(Ph.) Mr. | | 0,30 | sulcifera, Adms. sf. arc. Mr. | 1 | |
| „ scabra, L. | , | 0,30 | zonitomea, Letourn. Kabylia | 1,30 | |
| Calyptaea auricul. Mke. | Ant. | 0,40 | stenostoma, Pfr. Hayti | 0,80 | |
| „ tectum sinense, Chm. mj. M | | 0,70 | <i>Pupa</i> | | |
| Pileopsis incurva, Dkr. | Mr. | 0,30 | Rhodia, Roth. Grecia | 0,40 | |
| „ lamellosa, Chm. | , | 0,30 | dolum, Dp. v. scyphus Friv. „ | 0,40 | |
| „ subrufa, Lm. | , | 0,25 | <i>Clausilia</i> | | |
| Nerita histrio, L. | , | 0,30 | biplic. Mg. v. albina Po. Wstf. | 0,55 | |
| „ plicata, L. | , | 0,30 | castrensis, Parr. Corfu | 0,40 | |
| Haliotis? mauritiana? | , | 0,40 | cinerea, Phil. Böotia | 0,40 | |
| Fissurella? mauritiana? | , | 0,40-50 | — v. candidesc. Zgl. Italia | 0,35 | |
| Parmophorus brevic. | Rob. | 0,40 | coerulea, Fér. Ins. Grec. | 0,35 | |
| Aplustrum aplustre, L. | , | 0,40 | coreyrensis, Mouss. Corfu | 0,45 | |
| Hydatina physis, L. | , | 0,50 | Draparnaudi, Beck Milos | 0,75 | |
| Dolabella gigas, Rang. | , | 2 | euboica, Porr. Euboea | 0,35 | |
| „ Rumphii, Cuv. | , | 1 | inflata, Olivi Creta | 0,45 | |
| Aplysia? tigrina, Rang. | , | 0,75 | isabellina, Pfr. Attica | 0,40 | |
| | | | laconica, Mouss. Myssene | 0,40 | |

| | | Mk. | | | Mk. |
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| maculosa, Desh. | Böötia | 0,45 | Cryptogramma flexuosa, Bras. | 0,30 | |
| Moreleti Pfr. | Corfu | 0,45 | Chione asperrima, Sow. I. occ. | 0,50 | |
| negrepontina, Pfr. | Euböa | 0,35 | „ granulosa, Lm. „ | 0,30 | |
| oxystoma, Rssm. | " | 0,40 | „ ziczac, L. „ | 0,40 | |
| Pikermiana | Roth. | 0,35 | Artemis toreuma, Gld. Mr. | 0,45 | |
| plicata, Dp. v. coaretata Grec. | | 0,35 | „ variegata, Chm. „ | 0,50-60 | |
| — v. sine plicis Ob.-Baiern | | 0,30 | Venerupis carditoides, Lim. „ | 0,35 | |
| Rythimensis, Blanc. | Creta | 0,40 | <i>Cypricardia</i> | | |
| straminea, Parr. | " | 0,40 | angulata, Lm. Mr. | 0,50-1,20 | |
| Schuchii, v. Voith | Zante | 0,40 | modesta? Rb. (?guinaica „) „ | 1,20 | |
| tetragonostoma, Pfr. | Böötia | 0,30 | „ v. dolosa? Rb. „ | 1,20 | |
| Martesia striata, L. Ind. occ. | | 0,20-40 | rostrata, Lm. „ | 0,90 | |
| <i>Tellina</i> | | | Coralliophaga laminata, Rv. „ | 0,80-1,20 | |
| dispar, Conr. | Mr. | 0,30-40 | Choristodon divar., ?Rb. „ | 0,60 | |
| fausta, Don. | Ant. | 0,50-1 | <i>Cardium</i> | | |
| radiata, L. | Pacific etc. | 0,50-1 | bicolor, Sow. & var. Mr. | 0,40-50 | |
| rugosa, Born | Mr. | 0,30-50 | leucostomum, Born „ | 0,60-1 | |
| scobinata, L. | Tahiti & Mr. | 90-1,20 | muricatum, L. Ind. occ. | 0,30 | |
| staurella, Lm. | " | 0,50 | pulchellum (arenicul.) Rv. Mr. | 0,40 | |
| virgata L. | " | 0,70-1 | rugosum, Lm. „ | 0,50-60 | |
| Strigilla carnaria, L. Ind. occ. | | 0,50-80 | variegatum, Sow. „ | 0,50-60 | |
| „ pisiformis, L. | " | 0,10 | <i>Chama</i> | | |
| Donax faba, Chm. | Mr. | 0,25 | ? aspersa, Rve. Mr. | 0,30-40 | |
| Amphidesma borbonie. D. | " | 0,50 | fibula, „ „ | 1-1,50 | |
| Callista costata, Chm. | " | 2 | ? imbricata, Brod. | 1,20 | |
| Caryatis varians, Hanl. | " | 0,45 | macrophylla, Chm. Ind. occ. | 0,50-1 | |
| „ „ v. radiata " | " | 0,55 | Lucina globosa, Gray Mr. | 0,40 | |
| <i>Lioconcha</i> | | | Lithodomus lithophagus, „ | 0,50 | |
| arabica, Chm. sinus persicus | | 0,50 | „ niger, D'Orb Ind. occ. | 0,40 | |
| „ „ Mare rubr. | | 0,30 | Aricula? Mauritia? Rb. Mr. | 1 | |
| castrensis, L. | Oce. ind. | 1,50 | Meleagrina margaritif. Dh. „ | 1 | |
| ? laeta, L. | Mr. | 0,60 | „ ? sp. „ | 0,80 | |
| picta, Lam. clara | " | 0,40 | Perna Maillardii, Dsh. „ | 0,35 | |
| „ „ media | " | 0,50 | „ vulsellata, Lm. v. „ | 0,50 | |
| „ „ fusca | " | 0,55 | Atrina saccata, Lm. „ | 1,20-1,50 | |
| Crista divaricata, Lm. M. ind. | | 0,60 | Barbatia barbata, L. „ | 0,50 | |
| „ gibbia, Lm. | " | 0,50 | „ revelata, Dsh. „ | 0,40-60 | |
| „ pectinata, L. | Mr. | 0,50 | <i>Pecten</i> | | |
| „ Savignii, Jon. M. rub. | 0,30-40 | | argenteus, Rve. Mr. | 2,50 | |

| | Mk. | | Mk. |
|---|---------------|--|---------|
| concinnus, Rve. minor Viti-I. | 1 | Alectryonia cristata, Lm. „ | 0,40-60 |
| concinnus, Rve, grandis Mr. | 2,80 | „ depressa, „ „ | 0,40-60 |
| corallinoides, D'Orb. | 1-2,50 | Nachträglich: | |
| luculentus, Rve. | 0,80-1,20 | **Fus. berniciensis, King DB. | 50-100 |
| pallium, L. Philipp. | 2-2,50 | *Spondylus ducal., Chm. Phil. | 4 |
| radula, L. Molucken | 1,50 | ** „ aurantius, Lm. „ | 12 |
| rubromaculatus, Sow. Mr. | 1 | „ longispina, „ China | 2,40 |
| Senatorius, Gmel. | 0,50-80 | *Chama Lazarus L. In. or. | 4,50 |
| squamosus, Gm. (madreporarum, Petit) | Mr. 0,70-1,20 | ** „ Prachtstück | 9 |
| subnodosus, Sow. Am. cent. | 1,50 | **Pholas costata L. Massach. | |
| tigris, Lm. Philipp. | 1,80 | Prachtstück | 10 |
| Vola ziczac, L. Ind. occ. | 1 | *Scalaria pretiosa, Lm. China | 5 |
| Pleuronectia, pleur., L. China | 1 | **Conus Victoria, Rv. In. or. | 9 |
| Pedum spondiloid., Gm. Diego | 2-2,80 | ** „ amarillis, „ „ | 7,50 |
| Plicatula ramosa, Lm. Mr. | 0,30-50 | * „ bullatus L. Phil. | 4 |
| Ostrea parasitica, Ch. in turmis diversis, Mr. u. Antill. | 0,20-2 | **Panopea norveg., Spl. DB. | 15 |
| Ostrea in Spondylus Mr. | 1,50 | Cylindrella hyalina, ? (transparens, Pfr.) St. Domingo | 0,45 |
| | | Macrocer. Guildingi Pfr. Cuba | 0,45 |

Kleine Mittheilungen.

Limnaea catascopium Say und *elodes* Say.

Ueber diese beiden sogenannten Arten schreibt mir Herr Ed. A. Kilian in Buffalo:

„Beobachtungen an *Limnaea catascopium* Say und *elodes* Say führen mich zu der Ueberzeugung, dass beide zu einer Art gehören. *L. catascopium* lebt zahlreich im Erie Canal. Unter diesem Canale fliest ein Bergwasser hinweg, das im Herbst und Frühjahr, wo es durch Schnee und Regen anschwillt, alles Zerbrechliche in seinem Gebiete zu Pulver zermalmt. In jedem Frühjahr nun, wo *L. catascopium* ihre Eier auf kleine Stückchen Flossholz ablegt, werden diese oft über den Rand des Aqueductes hinübergespült und gelangen in den kleinen Bach, in welchem sie, wenn sie nicht gleich mit fortgeschwemmt werden, hinter Steinen am seichten Ufer einen Ruheplatz finden und sich dort entwickeln. Die Jungen sind anfangs ächte *catascopium*, nach und nach entwickeln sie aber immer längere Windungen und werden schliesslich zu ächten *elodes*. — Auch hier kommt die Darwin'sche Theorie zur Geltung.“

K.

Gesellschafts-Angelegenheiten.

Neue Mitglieder.

Herr Otto Bachmann, Reallehrer, Landsberg a. L.



Verkrüzen, T. A. 1878. "Tausch-Catalog." *Nachrichtsblatt der Deutschen Malakozoologischen Gesellschaft* 10, 74–80.

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