THE MEGALOPYGID GENUS TROSIA, WITH DE-SCRIPTION OF A NEW SPECIES.

By Harrison G. Dyar.

Genus Trosia Hübner.

1822-Trosia HÜBNER, Verz. bek. Schmett. 196.

1855-Sciathos WALKER, Cat. Brit. Mus. III, 752.

1856-Edebessa WALKER, Cat. Brit. Mus. VII, 1755.

1874—Isochroma Felder, Reise Novara, Lep. IV, pl. 83.

Kirby calls this genus *Sciathos* in the catalogue, omitting Hübner's term. Druce and others also neglect *Trosia*, perhaps from a prejudice against the Verzeichniss names. In the following, species succeeded by a dash are unknown to me, except by description and are referred to this genus on the authority of the authors quoted.

SYNOPSIS OF SPECIES.

Thorax and abdomen discolorous, thorax in part white, abdomen bright red.

Thorax without black marks.

2. obsolescens Dyar

Costal margin red; a transverse row of black dots.4. diamas Cram. Fore wings without marks, uniformly ochraceous......5. ribbei Druce.

I. T. tricolora Fab.

1787—Bombyx tricolora FABRICIUS, Mant. Ins. II, 114.

1790—Bombyx punctigera Stoll, Pap. Exot. suppl. pl. 34, fig. I (nec Linn.).

1822-Trosia tricolora HUBNER, Verz. bek. Schmett. 196.

1855-Sciathos punctiger WALKER, Cat. Brit. Mus. 752.

1856-Sciathos punctiger WALKER, Cat. Brit. Mus. VII, 1711.

1874—Isochroma fallax FELDER, Reise Novara, pl. 83, figs. 18, 19.

1887—Sciathos punctigera DRUCE, Biol Cent.-Am. Lep. I, 212.

1892-Sciathos punctigera KIRBY, Cat. Lep. Het. I, 540.

Kirby makes this the *punctigera* of Linnæus (Syst. Nat., 509, no. 67), but the description does not coincide in the least with this species, either in structure, color or habitat.

2. T. obsolescens, sp. nov.

Head white in front, red on the vertex behind the antennæ and shading to red below

on the palpi. Thorax white above with six clusters of red hairs; abdomen red, white at tip. Fore wings uniformly pale ocherous, almost white, appearing pinkish from the red scales below; costa very narrowly red at base, dark ocher at apical portion. A straight row of eight small black spots between the veins beyond the middle of the wing, the sixth spot between veins 4 and 5, the seventh opposite the discal cross-vein and the eighth between vein 6 and the stalk of veins 7 to 10. Hind wings red, fringe ocherous. Below both wings as secondaries above; body largely white; coxe and femora red above, tibiæ and tarsi ringed with black. Expanse, 27 mm.

Nearly allied to *T. tricolora* Fab., which is however an inhabitant of the tropical regions, whereas this comes from the Mexican plateau.

One male, Nogales, Koebele collector, August 15, 1898, U. S. Nat. Mus., type no. 4104. Nogales is a town on the border line between Arizona and Mexico.

3. T. purens Walk.

1856—Edebessa purens WALKER, Cat. Brit. Mus. VII, 1755.

1892-Sciathos purens KIRBY, Cat. Lep. Het. I, 540.

Sir G. F. Hampson has kindly examined Walker's types of the species for me and the generic characters correspond with *Trosia*.

4. T. dimas Cram. —

1775—Bombyx dimas Cramer, Pap. Exot. I, pl. 59 C.

1822—Trosia dimas Hubner, Verz. bek. Schmett. 196.

1854-Chrysauge dimas WALKER, Cat. Brit. Mus. II, 375.

1892—Idalus (?) dimas KIRBY, Cat. Lep. Het. I, 198.

1894—Sciathos dimas Dognin, Lep. Loja. 173.

1897—Sciathos dimas DRUCE, Biol. Cent.-Am., Lep. Het., II, 440.

5. T. ribbei Druce. —

1898—Sciathos ribbei DRUCE, Biol. Cent.-Am. Lep. Het. II, 441, pl. 88, fig. 1.

NEW SPECIES OF SYNTOMIDÆ.

By Harrison G. Dyar.

Pseudapinconoma elegans Auriv. var. curriei, var. nov.

Under side of thorax entirely crimson, legs white, femora and basal half of hind tibiæ crimson above; abdomen bluish gray, segmental black bands linear, the basal segments with orange hair and the lateral tufts orange; a dorsal series of crimson dots. Wings as in *elegans*, but the hyaline patches between veins 2 and 6 large and diffuse, reaching nearly to the termen, with ill defined outer border.

Two males, Mt. Coffee, Liberia (R. P. Currie). U. S. Nat. Mus., type no. 4247.



Dyar, Harrison G. 1899. "The Megalopygid Genus Trosia, with Description of a New Species." *Journal of the New York Entomological Society* 7, 173–174.

View This Item Online: https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/36372

Permalink: https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/18181

Holding Institution

Smithsonian Libraries and Archives

Sponsored by

Smithsonian

Copyright & Reuse

Copyright Status: NOT_IN_COPYRIGHT

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org.