## TWO MEXICAN HABENARIAS BY Oakes Ames and Louis O. Williams

In the study of Mexican Habenarias the following new species and the new combination were found to be necessary.

## Habenaria umbratilis Ames & Williams sp. nov.

Herbae terrestres usque ad 4.5 dm. altae. Folia elliptica vel elliptico-lanceolata, quinquenervia. Sepalum dorsale ovato-orbiculare, trinervium, cucullatum. Sepala lateralia lanceolato-triangularia, acuta vel obtusa, trinervia, arcuata. Petala lanceolata, acuta, arcuata uni- (vel bi-) nervia. Labellum trilobatum; lobi laterales recurvati; lobus medius anguste ligulatus. Columna generis.

Erect leafy terrestrial herbs up to about 4.5 dm. tall. Stems slender, strict or flexuose, leafy (especially above the middle). Leaves 8-12 cm. long and 2-3 cm. broad, elliptic to elliptic-lanceolate, acute, with five main nerves. Inflorescence up to about 10 cm. long, crowded; bracts 1-3 cm. long, lanceolate, acuminate, usually shorter than the ovary. Flowers small for the size of the plant. Dorsal sepal about 4 mm. long and 3.5 mm. broad, ovate-orbicular, 3-nerved, cucullate. Lateral sepals 4.5-6 mm. long and 2.5-3 mm. broad, lanceolate-triangular, acute or obtuse, 3-nerved, arcuate. Petals about 3.5-4 mm. long and 1.5-2 mm. broad, lanceolate, acute, arcuate, 1-(2-) nerved, with or without a small tooth at the base. Lip 3-lobed, the lobes slender and the lateral lobes longest; lateral lobes about 10 mm. long and about 1 mm. broad, spreading, recurved; mid-lobe 5-6 mm. long and about 1 mm. broad, narrowly ligulate. Column of the genus.

[59]

MEXICO: in grass, in shady places in forest, about Tomasopo, State of San Luis Potosi, longitude ca.  $99^{\circ}23'$  West, latitude ca.  $21^{\circ}50'$ north, at ca. 500 meters altitude, September 3, 1937, *Dino* 6957 (Type in Herb. Ames No. 50948).

Habenaria umbratilis seems to have no near allies among the Mexican Habenarias.

Habenaria entomantha (Llave & Lex.) Lindley var. subauriculata (Robins. & Greenm.) Ames & Williams comb. nov.

Habenaria subauriculata Robinson & Greenman in Proc. Am. Acad. 32 (1896) 34—Ames Orch. 4 (1910) 254, t. 77, figs. 3-4.

Habenaria entomantha var. subauriculata differs from the species in having the petals entire or merely subauriculate, not deeply bifid.



Ames, Oakes and Williams, Louis O. 1941. "Two Mexican Habenarias." *Botanical Museum leaflets, Harvard University* 10(3), 59–60. <u>https://doi.org/10.5962/p.168430</u>.

View This Item Online: <a href="https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/32875">https://doi.org/10.5962/p.168430</a> Permalink: <a href="https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/168430">https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/168430</a>

**Holding Institution** Missouri Botanical Garden, Peter H. Raven Library

**Sponsored by** Missouri Botanical Garden

**Copyright & Reuse** Copyright Status: Public domain. The BHL considers that this work is no longer under copyright protection. License: <u>http://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/3.0/</u>

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org.