2.75 inches, tail 2.37, tarsus .93, bill .75. Gradation of quills as in T. finschi.

The examples described by Dr. F. Brüggeman (Abhandl. nat. Ver. Bremen, v. p. 63. no. 57) appear to be *T. celebense*, Strickl., according to my views.

XXXVI.—On two additional Species of Central-American Odontophorinæ. By Osbert Salvin, M.A., F.R.S., &c.

Through Mr. Boucard's kindness I have lately been able to add to our Central-American collection of birds two species of Odontophorinæ, one of which is the tolerably common South-American Eupsychortyx leucotis, the other a species of Odontophorus which I do not hesitate to describe below as new. The two specimens (one of each species) were contained in two collections evidently made by our late collector, Enrique Arcé, in Veragua, one of which came directly, and the other indirectly into Mr. Boucard's hands. Both from the style in which the skins are made up, and from the birdskins associated with them, there cannot be the slightest doubt as to their origin.

Eursychortyx leucotis, Gould, P. Z. S. 1843, p. 133, et Mon. Odont. pl. x.

The specimen sent agrees closely with examples from the province of Antioquia procured by Mr. Salmon, and with Mr. Gould's plate. The only difference I can trace is in the paler ferruginous colour of the throat, a somewhat variable character in this group. Arcé has lately been working in the district round Calobre; and here, probably, this specimen was procured. I have seen no other specimen of this form from the districts northward of Panama upon the authenticity of whose origin I could rely.

Odontophorus cinctus, sp. n.

Capite, collo, dorso antico et pectore læte rufescentibus, auricularibus nigris: stria postoculari indistincta e punctulis albis formata: dorso postico cinereo, albo et nigro minute vermiculato: supracaudalibus rufescentibus, scapularibus extimis nigris, scapis albis et pogoniis externis rufescentibus: alis fuscis, secundariis rufo variegatis: gula et ventre medio albis, hypochondriis et crisso distincte nigro transfasciatis: rostro nigro: pedibus fuscis: long. tota cir. 7.5, alæ 4.3, caudæ 1.8, tarsi 1.3, rostri a rictu 6.

Hab. Veragua (Arcé).

This species is quite distinct from any hitherto described. It is smaller than even O. thoracicus, to which it is perhaps most nearly allied. The white throat and belly, the strongly marked flanks, together with the deep rufous colour which encircles the whole of the anterior part of the body, neck, and head, render it a conspicuous species.

XXXVII.—Letters, Announcements, &c.

The following letters, addressed "To the Editor of 'The Ibis,'" have been received:—

SIR,—I beg leave to offer the following short notes on several species of birds found in Corsica as an appendix to Mr. C. B. Wharton's paper on the ornithology of that island (anteà, p. 17). I also add the names of seven species which came under my notice in the years 1865-66, as well as seven extra species observed in 1875.

The only general observation I should like to make is that a considerable proportion of the individuals of the different species seems as though they only made Corsica a temporary halting-place on their journey northwards; and I feel confident that if a really perfect and trustworthy list of Corsican birds could be noted, say during a term of three or more years, the number of species would be found to be comparatively limited, and that of the spring migrants bear but a small proportion to the entire list. In the case of several species, both Mr. C. B. Wharton and myself would come across a considerable number of individual birds during a few consecutive days, after which they were suddenly lost sight of. Could any ornithologist be found who would furnish us with a list, such as I have already suggested, of the birds of Corsica and Sardinia, coupled with a very accurate record of dates, eleva-



Salvin, Osbert. 1876. "XXXVI.-On two additional Species of Central-American Odontophorinae." *Ibis* 6, 379–380.

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