

NOTE XII.

PELARGODERUS SIJTHOFFII, N. SP.

BY

C. RITSEMA Cz.

Agreeing with *P. semitigrinus* Rits. (Notes Leyd. Mus. Vol. VII, p. 43, pl. 3, fig. 3) but easily recognizable by two very obvious differences.

In the new species the elytra are very distinctly speckled with white, about as in *P. alcanor* Newm.; in *semitigrinus*, however, they are indistinctly speckled with greyish.

In the new species a narrow dirty white stripe is present along the middle of the apical fourth of each elytron, extending down to the pointed outer angle; in *semitigrinus* this apical stripe is entirely wanting.

Two males and one female from Padang Sidempoean (West-Sumatra) belonging to Mr. P. F. Sijthoff's collection. One of these males is now in the collection of Dr. H. J. Veth, the female in that of the Leyden Museum.

OBS. *Pelargoderus nigromaculatus*, described by me in December 1897 and published in Notes Leyd. Mus. Vol. XX, p. 34, has been concisely described in the same year by Dr. L. von Heyden under the name of *Pelargoderus trigonalis* in Abh. Senckenb. Ges. Bd. XXIII, p. 573.

Pelargoderus (Rhamses) vitticollis Thoms. (Ann. Soc. Ent. France, 1878, Bull. p. 18) of which I have examined the type in Mr. R. Oberthür's collection = *Epepeotes plorator* Newm. and consequently not from Borneo but from the Philippine islands.

Leyden Museum, 30 November 1901.

Notes from the Leyden Museum, Vol. XXIII.



Ritsema, C. 1901. "Pelargoderus Sijthoffii, n. sp." *Notes from the Leyden Museum* 23, 94–94.

View This Item Online: <https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/37388>

Permalink: <https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/150641>

Holding Institution

Harvard University, Museum of Comparative Zoology, Ernst Mayr Library

Sponsored by

Harvard University, Museum of Comparative Zoology, Ernst Mayr Library

Copyright & Reuse

Copyright Status: NOT_IN_COPYRIGHT

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at <https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org>.