NICHOLIS. A North Australian Dendrohmm

## A NORTH AUSTRALIAN DENDROBIUM. By W. H. Nicholls

Dendrobium dicuphum, F.v.M.—This elegant species is briefly described and commented upon by its author, Baron Sir Ferdinand von Mueller, in Fragmenta Phytographiæ Australiæ, viii, 28 (1871), but he had previously described it fully (under D. bigibbum), in Vol. vi of the same work. It is one of those forms which range themselves around the superb Cooktown Orchid (D. phalænopsis, Fitz.). D. superhiens, Reichb; D. FitsGeraldii, F.v.M.; and D. bigibbum, Lindl. are other Austratian species—all close allies. D. dicuphum is well separated from all these forms in several particulars—chiefly that of habit. Bentham refers to this species as D. bicuphum, but the meaning is identical.

The specimen from which my drawing was made is in the possession of Mrs. Charles Barrett, of Elsternwick, Victoria, and was collected by her during travels with her husband in Northern Australia in 1933, and exhibited at a Club meeting early this year. One haunt of *D. dicuphum* is at Koolpinyah, about 30 miles from Darwin, where it grows on the Paper-barks (*Melaleuca*), also on other trees in this locality, and is reported as fairly abundant. In Darwin the showy and graceful sprays of flowers are favoured for wedding houquets, etc., a purpose for which they are well suited.

It is unnecessary to give a full description of this orchid, for the accompanying plate shows its characteristics. The individual flowers are approximately 3 cm. in diameter; the segments of the perianth are pure white—deep purple at the base—thus the flowers possess a contrasting centre.

Bentham gives, in *Flora Australiansis*, vi, a fairly detailed description of *D. dicuphum*; but his material was dried, and the colour of the blooms is incorrectly given. He also records lew flowers to a raceme (three or four), in Mrs. Barrett's plant the raceme possessed fifteen.

I am indebted to Dr. R. S. Rogers, of Adelaide (S.A.) for the definite determination of this orchid.

Bentham gives the following habitats for this species: The Liverpool R. (Gulliver), and Port Darwin (Schultz).

## KEY TO JLIUSTRATION (DENDROBIUM DICUPHAM, F.V.M.)

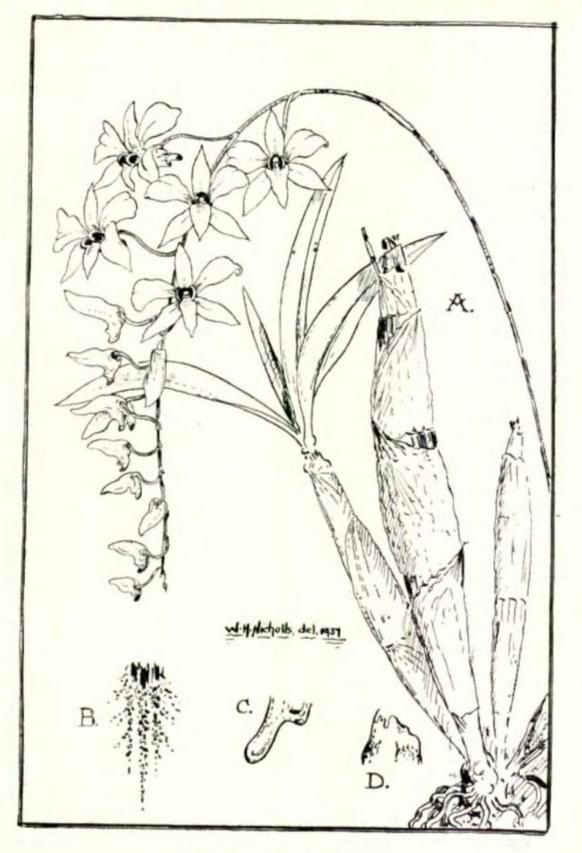
Fig. A .- A typical specimen

Fig. B .- Calli on the labellum-lamina.

Fig. C .- Spur

Fig. D .-- Column head showing wine anther removed.





Dendrobium dicuphum F.v.M.



Nicholls, W H. 1937. "A North Australian Dendrobium." *The Victorian Naturalist* 54, 66–67.

View This Item Online: <u>https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/item/125788</u> Permalink: <u>https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org/partpdf/140986</u>

**Holding Institution** Field Naturalists Club of Victoria

**Sponsored by** Atlas of Living Australia

**Copyright & Reuse** Copyright Status: Permissions to digitize granted by rights holder.

This document was created from content at the **Biodiversity Heritage Library**, the world's largest open access digital library for biodiversity literature and archives. Visit BHL at https://www.biodiversitylibrary.org.